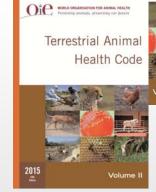


Simona Forcella Status Department, OIE

PPR
General requirements of the

Terrestrial Animal Health Code





OIE Workshop on the OIE procedures for the endorsement of national official control programmes with regard to FMD and PPR

Kigali, Rwanda 18-20 July 2017



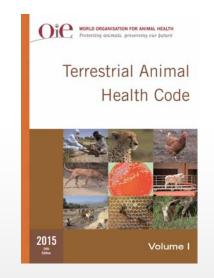
Terrestrial Animal Health Code

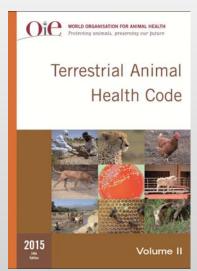
Horizontal Chapters

- Disease notification (1.1.) compliance with WAHIS
- Animal health surveillance (1.4.) surveillance
- Import risk analysis (2.1.)
- Evaluation of Veterinary Services (3.2.) quality of the Veterinary Services
- Veterinary legislation (3.4.) quality of the Veterinary Services
- Import/export procedures (5)
- Obligations related to certification (5.1.)

Disease Specific Chapters

- General provisions, case definition
- Safe commodities, if any
- Criteria for disease status: country, zone or compartment
- Provisions for import of commodities
- Pathogen inactivation
- Specific disease surveillance
 - Endorsment of control programme





OIE official recognition of disease status

HISTORICAL

Adoption of the resolution adding PPR to the list of diseases for official recognition and for the endorsement of an official control programme and procedure

Adoption of the 1st list of Member Countries free from PPR



OIE Standards for official recognition of PPR freedom

Article		Surveillance to demonstrate freedom from disease or infection without pathogen specific surveillance
---------	--	--

Article 14.7.1.	General provisions, including case definition
Article 14.7.2.	Safe commodities
Article 14.7.3. to 14.7.8.	Articles related to status: PPR free country/zone/compartment containment zone/ recovery
Articles 14.7.8. to 14.7.26.	Recommendations for importing commodities
Articles 14.7.26.	Virus inactivation
Article 14.7.27. to 14.7.33.	Surveillance
Article 14.7.34.	Endorsement of the official control programme



Chapter 1.4. - Animal Health Surveillance Historical Freedom

Article	1.4.6	Surveillance to demonstrate freedom from disease or infection
	Point a)	Historically free - without formally applying pathogen specific surveillance

Disease never occurred or absent for at least 25 years ...provided that for at least the previous 10 years:

- Has been notifiable
- Early detection system in place for all relevant species
- Measures to prevent introduction have been in place and no vaccination (unless otherwise provided for in the Terrestrial Code)
- Infection is known not to be in wildlife



OIE Standards for official recognition of PPR freedom

Article	1.4.6	Surveillance to demonstrate freedom from disease or
		infection without pathogen specific surveillance

Article 14.7.1.	General provisions, including case definition
Article 14.7.2.	Safe commodities
Article 14.7.3. to 14.7.8.	Articles related to status: PPR free country/zone/compartment containment zone/ recovery
Articles 14.7.8. to 14.7.26.	Recommendations for importing commodities
Articles 14.7.26.	Virus inactivation
Article 14.7.27. to 14.7.33.	Surveillance
Article 14.7.34.	Endorsement of the official control programme

Article 14.7.1.

General provisions

Susceptible animals-

Only domestic sheep and goats play a significant epidemiological role



Case definition -

infection of sheep and goats with PPRVirus

Occurrence of - clinical signs



Occurrence of - infection



Article 14.7.2. Safe commodities

Glossary: a commodity which can be traded without the need for risk mitigation measures specifically directed against a particular listed disease, infection or infestation and regardless of the status of the country or zone of origin for that disease, infection or infestation

For PPR: Hides and skins which have been submitted to the usual chemical and mechanical processes in use in the tanning industry



- 1) Criteria to evaluate the PPR status of a country or zone
- a) Notifiable and field or laboratory investigations
- b) Ongoing awareness programme
- c) Vaccination prohibited
- d) Importation
- e) Veterinary Authority
- f) Surveillance



2) to qualify for inclusion in the list a Member Country should apply

a) for recognition of HISTORICAL freedom point 1 – Article
 1.4.6. (surveillance)

OR

b) for recognition of freedom



A record of regular and prompt animal disease reporting





II. Declaration that during the past 24 months

- No outbreaks of PPR
- No evidence of PPRV infection
- No vaccination against PPR
- Importation (domestic ruminants, semen, oocytes,embryos) carried out according to PPR chapter



Supply documented evidence to the OIE that:

III. surveillance in accordance with Chapter 1.4. is in operation and that regulatory measures for prevention and control of PPR have been implemented

IV. no animals vaccinated against PPR have been imported since cessation of vaccination



Article 14.7.3. Maintenance

Retention on the list requires annual reconfirmation of point 2 of Article 14.7.3.

- 2. To qualify for inclusion in the list of PPR free countries or zones, a Member Country should either:
 - a. apply for recognition of historical freedom as described in point 1 of Article 1.4.6.; or
 - apply for recognition of freedom and submit to the OIE:
 - i. a record of regular and prompt animal disease reporting;
 - ii. a declaration stating that:
 - + there has been no outbreak of PPR during the past 24 months;
 - + no evidence of PPRV infection has been found during the past 24 months;
 - + no vaccination against PPR has been carried out during the past 24 months;
 - + importation of domestic ruminants and their semen, oocytes or embryos is carried out in accordance with this chapter;
 - iii. supply documented evidence that *surveillance* in accordance with Chapter 1.4. is in operation and that regulatory measures for the prevention and control of PPR have been implemented;
 - iv. evidence that no animals vaccinated against PPR have been imported since the cessation of vaccination.

On-line system for annual reconfirmation http://www.oie.int/ZF/forms/DiseaseStatus/public/index.php/





OIE Standards for official recognition of PPR freedom

Article	1.4.6	Surveillance to demonstrate freedom from disease or
		infection without pathogen specific surveillance

Article 14.7.1.	General provisions, including case definition
Article 14.7.2.	Safe commodities
Article 14.7.3. to 14.7.8.	Articles related to status: PPR free country/zone/compartment containment zone/ recovery
Articles 14.7.8. to 14.7.26.	Recommendations for importing commodities
	·
Articles 14.7.26.	Virus inactivation
Articles 14.7.26. Article 14.7.27. to 14.7.33.	·



Trade recommendations (Articles 14.7.8. to 14.7.25.)

From countries/zones	Importation from PPR free countries or zone	Importation from countries or zones considered infected with PPRV
Domestic sheep and goats and wild ruminants	X	X
Semen of domestic sheep and goats	X	X
Embryos of domestic sheep and goats and captive wild ruminants	X	X
Fresh meat and meat products	X	X
Milk and milk products from sheep and goats	X	X
Meal ad flour from blood, defatted bones, hooves, claws and horns from sheep and goats		X
Hooves, claws, bones and horns, hunting trophies from sheep and goats		X
Wool, hair, raw hides and skins from sheep and goats		X
Products of animal origin from sheep and goats intended for pharmaceutical or surgical use		X

OIE Standards for official recognition of PPR freedom

Article	Surveillance to demonstrate freedom from disease or infection without pathogen specific surveillance
	infection without pathogen specific surveillance

Article 14.7.1.	General provisions, including case definition
Article 14.7.2.	Safe commodities
Article 14.7.3. to 14.7.8.	Articles related to status: PPR free country/zone/compartment containment zone/ recovery
Articles 14.7.8. to 14.7.26.	Recommendations for importing commodities
Articles 14.7.26.	Virus inactivation
Article 14.7.27. to 14.7.33.	Surveillance
Article 14.7.34.	Endorsement of the official control programme



Article 14.7.34. OIE endorsed official control programme for PPR

Objective for Member Countries is to progressively improve the situation in their territories and eventually attain free status for PPR

On a voluntary basis, when the measures have already been implemented programme

Should be applicable to the entire territory even if on a zonal basis



Article 14.7.34.

OIE endorsed official control programme for PPR

- Evidence of capacity of VS (PVS Pathway)
- The measures have been already implemented when the official control programme is presented for adoption
- Information on epidemiology of the disease in country
- Surveillance, diagnostic capabilities, vaccination in accordance with the *Terrestrial Code* and the *Terrestrial Manual*
- Timeline
- Performance indicators





Withdrawal of an endorsed official control programme

- Non-compliance with timelines
- Non-compliance of performance indicators
- Significant problems with the performance of Veterinary Services
- Increase in the incidence of PPR that cannot be addressed by the programme.

Chapter 1.6. Procedures for self declaration and for official recognition by the OIE

Article 1.6.9.

Report of a Member Country which applies for recognition of status, under Chapter 14.7. of the Terrestrial Code, as a PPR free country

Article 1.6.12.

Report of a Member Country which applies for the OIE endorsement of its official control programme for PPR under Chapter 14.7. of the Terrestrial Code

How can I demonstrate in my dossier that what is requested in the Terrestrial Code has been implemented in my country???



The role of the questionnaire

It's a **tool** designed to:

- Assist Member Countries, preparing dossiers, providing requested relevant evidence;
- Experts, evaluating dossier for status recognition;
- Give more transparency to the evaluation process;
- Standardise the evaluation among countries





Simona Forcella

12, rue de Prony, 75017 Paris, France www.oie.int disease.status@oie.int - oie@oie.int









