



World Organisation
for Animal Health



Regional Workshop on Antimicrobial Resistance in Aquaculture for English-Speaking African Countries



13 - 15 August 2025
Harare, Zimbabwe



Funded by
UK Government



World Fish Centre: Regional activities of World Fish on Aquaculture and AMR

David Verner-Jeffreys





Our Vision

An inclusive world of healthy, well-nourished people and a sustainable blue planet, now and in the future.

Our mission

To end hunger and advance sustainable development by 2030 through science and innovation to transform food, land and water systems with aquatic foods for healthier people and planet





WHERE we are

WorldFish has a
global presence
in **20 countries**
in **3 continents**
with **422 staff** representing
30 nationalities

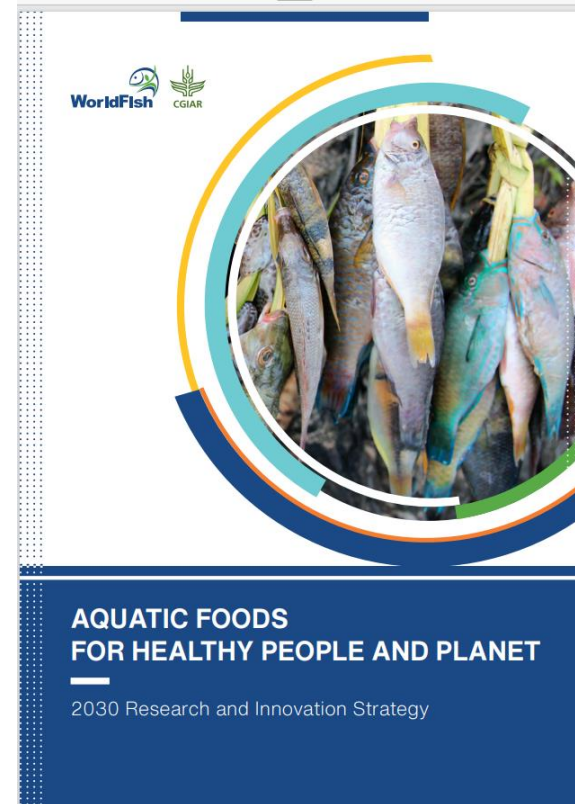
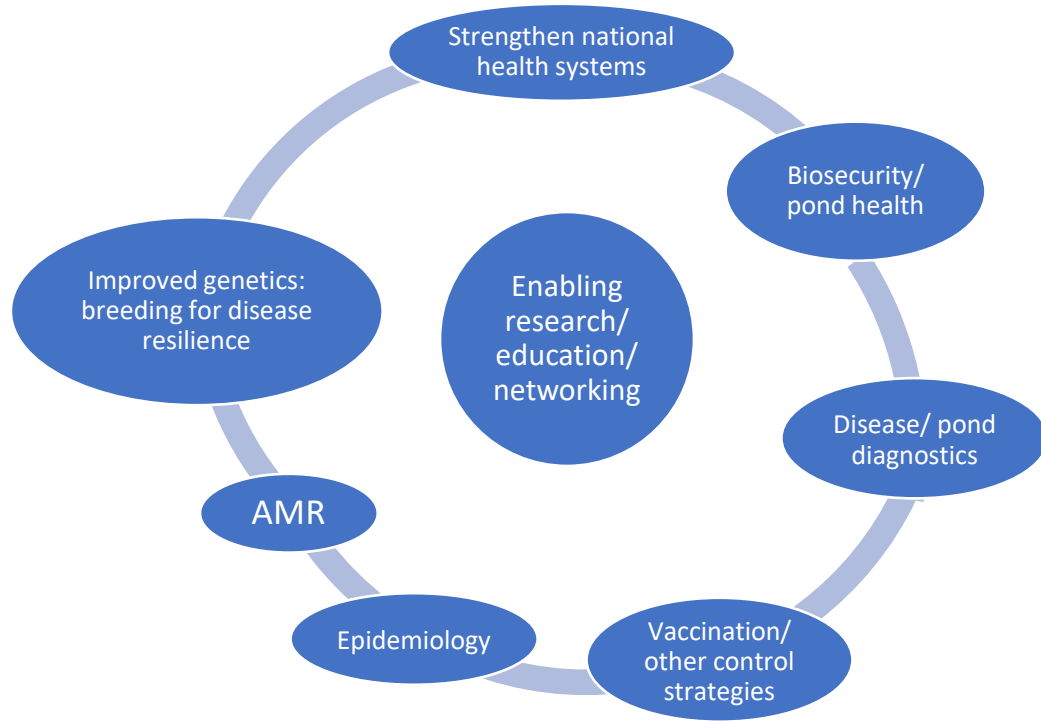




WorldFish and partners have supported several initiatives and projects regarding Aquatic Animal Health in Africa

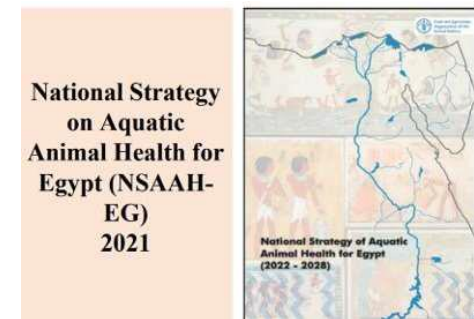
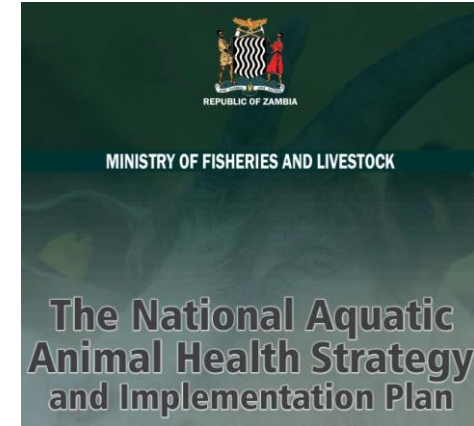


WorldFish Aquatic Animal Health program of work



Strengthen national aquatic animal health systems

- Support to governments
 - Develop Regulations & Guidance
 - Promote and embed a One Health approach
 - Strengthen early disease detection, emergency preparedness and response
 - Improve capacity to meet international trade standards
 - Collaboration with WOAHA/ FAO/ other providers operating in Asia and Africa
 - Provide training: health professionals and farmers (all elements)





Biosecurity/pond health management

- Improve on-farm biosecurity: central to disease control
- Secure supplies of disease-free seed (e.g., WF breeding platforms)
- Improve pond health: water quality/ stocking densities/ nutrition: healthy animals



Aquaculture 584 (2024) 740664



Contents lists available at [ScienceDirect](https://www.sciencedirect.com)

Aquaculture

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/aquaculture



Understanding aquaculture biosecurity to improve catfish disease management in Ogun and Delta states, Nigeria





Disease/pond diagnostic

- Develop accurate, rapid disease diagnostics systems
- Pond and lab-based systems (centralized and decentralized)
- Integrate with real-time water quality measurements

Received: 30 November 2021 | Revised: 4 May 2022 | Accepted: 21 July 2022
DOI: 10.1111/raq.12734

REVIEW

REVIEWS IN Aquaculture

From the basics to emerging diagnostic technologies:
What is on the horizon for tilapia disease diagnostics?



Rapid visualization in the specific detection of *Flavobacterium columnare*, a causative agent of freshwater columnaris using a novel recombinase polymerase amplification (RPA) combined with lateral flow dipstick (LFD) assay

scientific reports

OPEN A multiplexed RT-PCR assay for nanopore whole genome sequencing of Tilapia lake virus (TiLV)

Received: 16 March 2021 | Revised: 20 May 2021 | Accepted: 24 May 2021
DOI: 10.1111/jfd.13467

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Journal of Fish Diseases WILEY

Rapid genotyping of tilapia lake virus (TiLV) using Nanopore sequencing



Concentration and quantification of *Tilapia tilapinevirus* from water using a simple iron flocculation coupled with probe-based RT-qPCR



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Vaccination/other control strategies

- Develop and advocate cost-effective vaccination-based disease control strategies
- Explore the development and deployment of alternative strategies (e.g., immunostimulants/ modulators, pre and probiotics, phage therapy)
- Develop disease-resistant stocks

Received: 1 July 2021 | Revised: 18 September 2021 | Accepted: 24 October 2021
DOI: 10.1111/raq.12633

REVIEW

REVIEWS IN Aquaculture

Autogenous vaccination in aquaculture: A locally enabled solution towards reduction of the global antimicrobial resistance problem

Received: 18 January 2024 | Revised: 25 February 2024 | Accepted: 1 March 2024
DOI: 10.1111/jfd.13941

REVIEW

Journal of
Fish Diseases  WILEY

Review of quorum-quenching probiotics: A promising non-antibiotic-based strategy for sustainable aquaculture

Improved genetics: breeding for disease resilience

Disease-free Genetic Improvement Programs (GIPs)

Emphasis on disease screening and biosecurity

- *Oreochromis niloticus* – Abassa, Egypt
- *O. andersonii*- Zambia
- *O. Shiranus* in Malawi

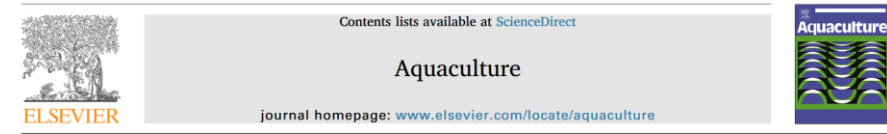
Aquaculture 532 (2021) 736039



Genetic parameters for black spot disease (diploptomiasis) caused by *Uvulifer* sp. infection in Nile tilapia (*Oreochromis niloticus* L.)



Aquaculture 522 (2020) 735126



Genetic parameters for resistance to Tilapia Lake Virus (TiLV) in Nile tilapia (*Oreochromis niloticus*)



Yu et al. BMC Genomics (2021) 22:426
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s12864-021-07486-5>

BMC Genomics

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Open Access

Genome-wide association analysis of adaptation to oxygen stress in Nile tilapia (*Oreochromis niloticus*)



<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquaculture.2020.73543>



113 tilapia
farms
(2018)

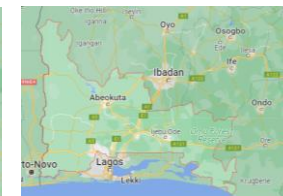
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquaculture.2022.738607>



550 tilapia
farms
(2017-2019)



399 catfish farms
(2021)



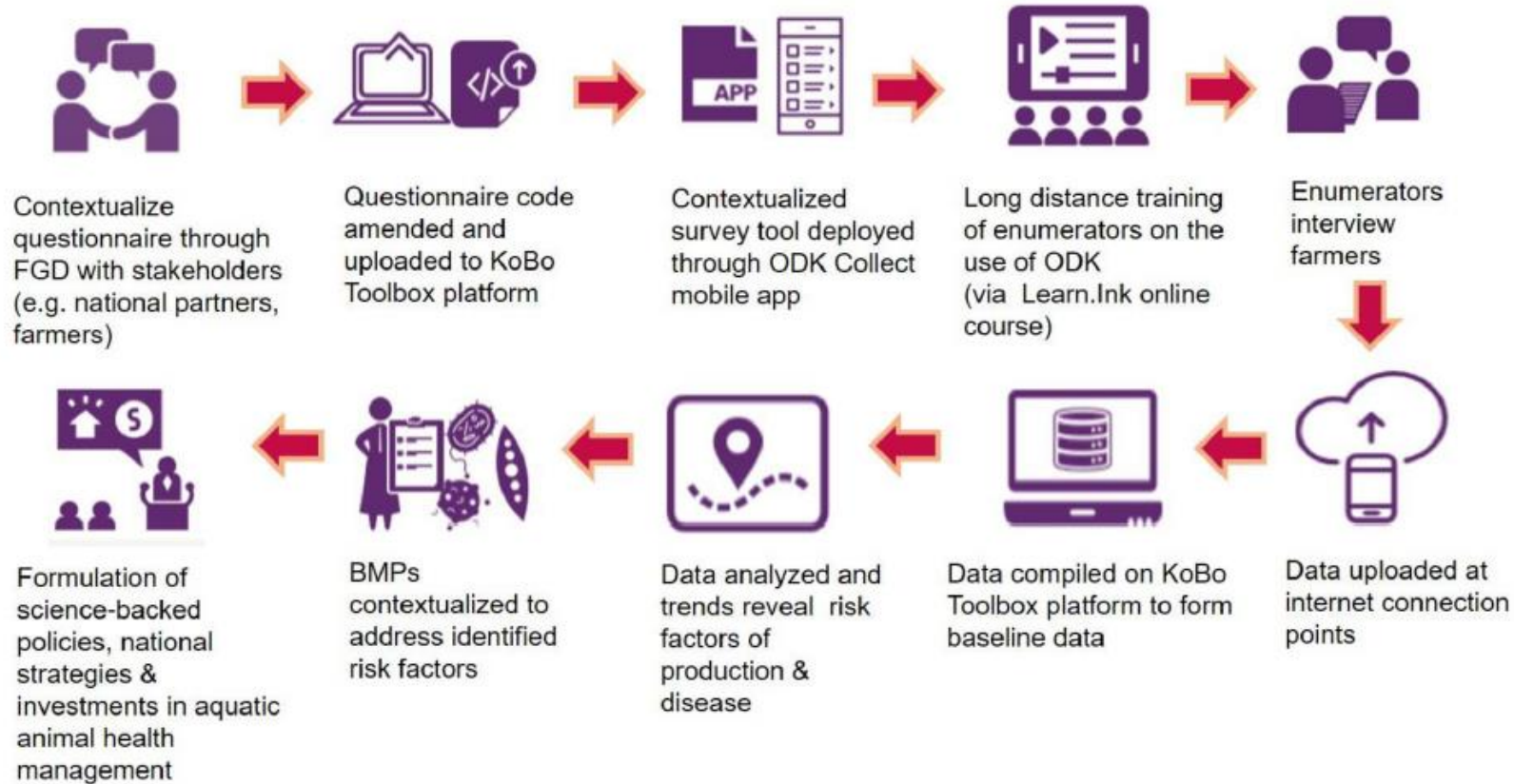
164 farms
(2023)



(2023 ongoing)



Contribution of baseline data to stakeholder engagement, development of best practices & NAAHs



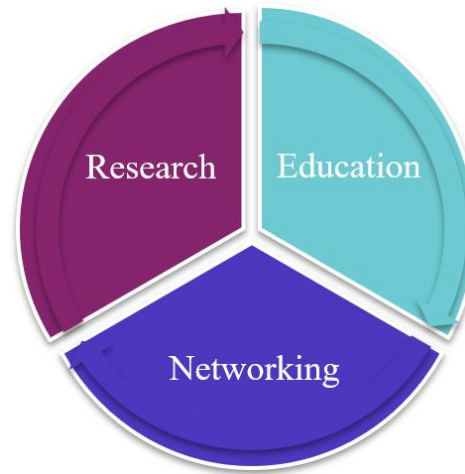


Increased Sustainability in the Aquaculture Sector in SSA through Improved Aquatic Animal Health Management (AHA project)

[Project website](#)

This program aimed to increase sustainability and resilience in the aquaculture sector in sub-Saharan Africa through improved aquatic animal health management and biosecurity governance.

3 Major Components



Veterinærinstituttet
Norwegian Veterinary Institute



UNIVERSITY OF GHANA
COLLEGE OF BASIC AND APPLIED SCIENCES



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AHA Norad project



Research

Assessment of health status and economic impact of aquaculture diseases

13 Master research studentships in Ghana & Kenya

Field and laboratory studies to elucidate and characterize endemic and emerging pathogens of economic significance

Aquatic animal health management and biosecurity governance gaps identified and policy analyses under the one health framework

Research capacity on aquatic animal health management in SSA countries improved.



AHA Norad project

Education

Training and supervision of thirteen MSc students (UoG and UoN)

Developed and delivered range of online and in person training resources training modules on aquaculture and aquatic animal health management in SSA

Institutional capacity and learners' knowledge and practical skills on aquatic animal health to improve the aquaculture related educational services and extension capacity enhanced.



Projet AHA Norad

In-person training

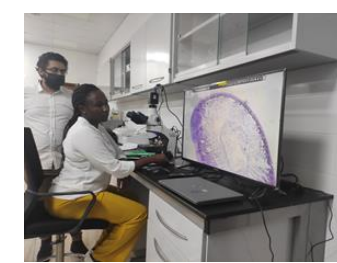
Education

Face-to-face training programs for SSA at FAIH/Abbassa Egypt

6 training courses on on General Aquaculture & Aquatic Animal Health Management
Conducted

A total of **100** participants representing 8 countries have been
trained physically at Abbassa/ Egypt

Renforcement des capacités
institutionnelles et des
connaissances et compétences
pratiques des apprenants en
matière de santé des animaux
aquatiques afin d'améliorer les
services éducatifs et les capacités de
vulgarisation liés à l'aquaculture.



AHA Norad project

Online self-learning



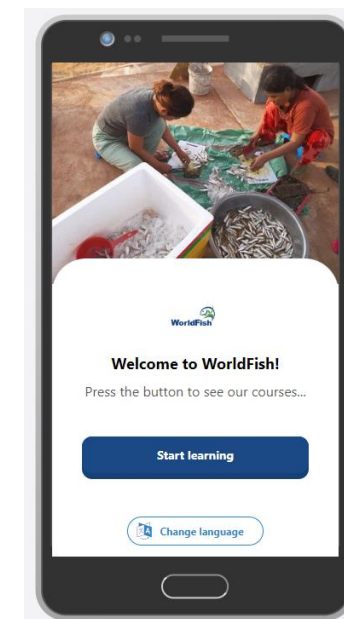
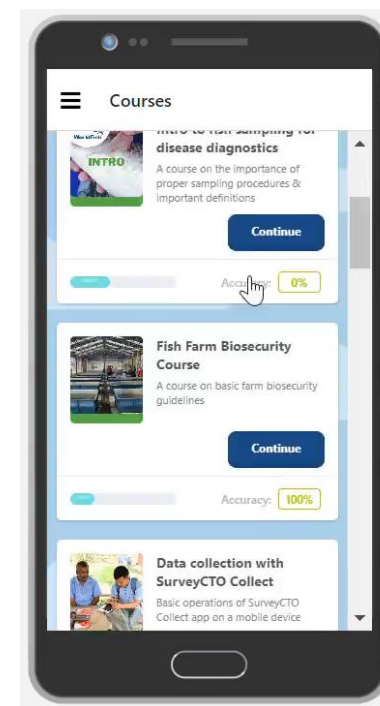
Education

Learn.ink courses for knowledge sharing among Africa countries

What is **LEARN INK** ?

- A third-party training & learning digital platform for disseminating training materials remotely using simulated chatbot learning on mobile devices.
- User guidelines on how to access Learn.ink courses and/or printable rapid protocols (with content from courses) can be developed as supplementary material.

Aquatic Animal
Health resources
developed for
research and
education



AHA Norad project

Online self-learning

Education

13 courses released by Aquatic Animal Health team



Fish Syndromic Surveillance Course

A short training course to help users understand the basics of...



Antimicrobial Usage (AMU) Survey for Aquatic Systems

General overview & guidelines on how to use the Antimicrobial...



Wet mount sampling

A course on wet mount sampling preparations and protocol



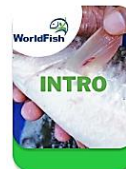
Bacteriology sampling

A course on bacteriology sampling preparations and protocol



Fish Farm Biosecurity Course

A course on basic farm biosecurity guidelines



Intro to fish sampling for disease diagnostics

A course on the importance of proper sampling procedures &...



Microbiome sampling

A course on microbiome sampling preparations and protocol



Molecular Diagnostics & Virology sampling

A course on molecular diagnostics & virology sampling preparation...



Aquaculture survey with ODK

This module prepares enumerators, survey team leader...



Foundations in fish disease sampling

A course on points to be considered before sampling &...



Blood sampling

A course on blood sampling preparations and protocol



Histology sampling

A course on histology sampling preparations and protocol



Data collection with SurveyCTO Collect

Basic operations of SurveyCTO Collect app on a mobile device

See full list of links to courses at:

<https://worldfishcenter.org/publication/aquatic-animal-health-remote-training-courses-learnink-platform>

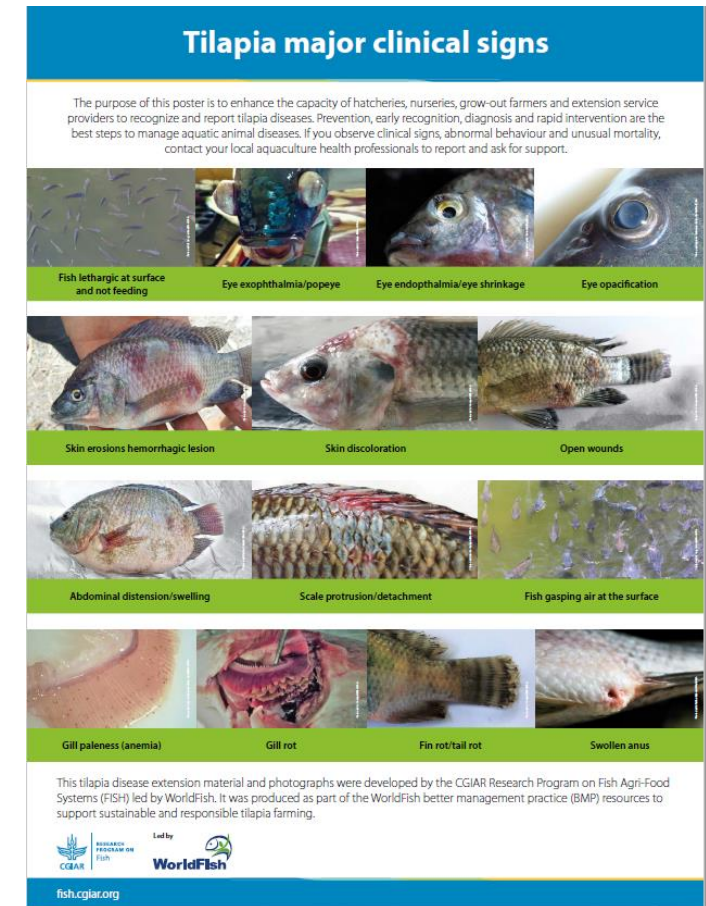
Aquatic Animal
Health resources
developed for
research and
education

Field resource: Poster identifying major clinical signs of fish disease

Content Photos & description of major clinical signs of fish disease for identification & standardized reporting

Users Farmers, service providers, vets, extension workers & enumerators

<https://www.worldfishcenter.org/publication/tilapia-major-clinical-signs>

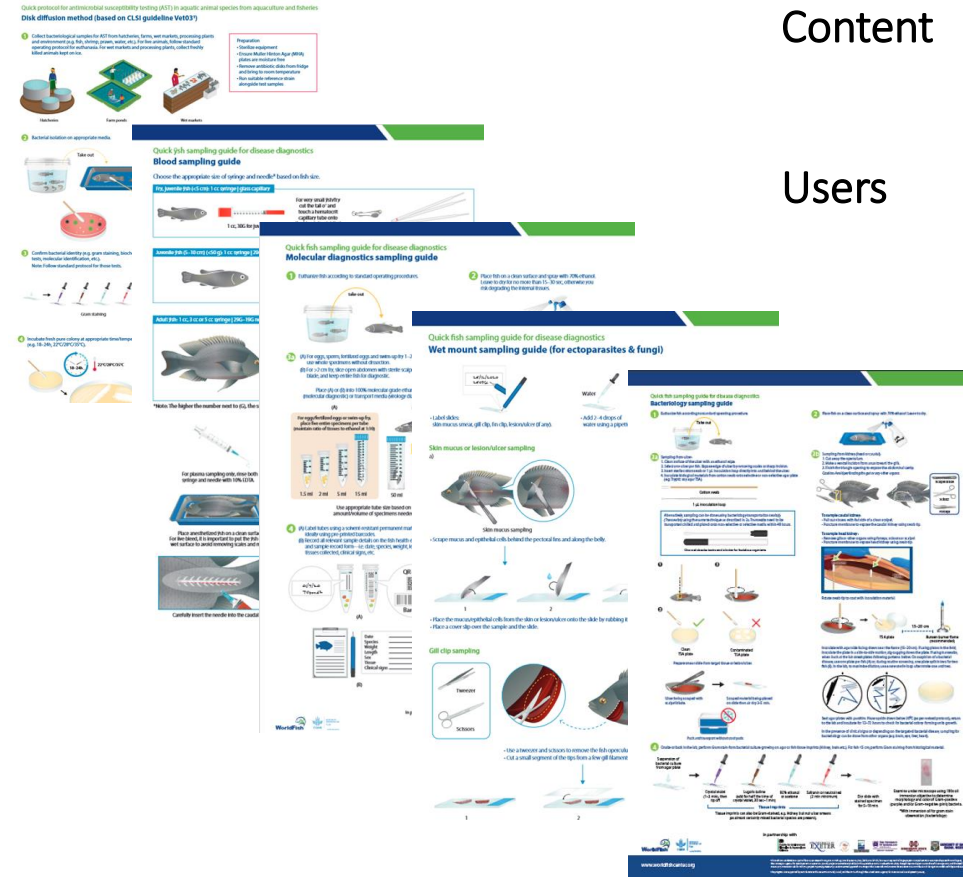


AHA Norad project

Education

Aquatic Animal
Health resources
developed for
research and
education

Field resource: Quick fish sampling guides for disease diagnostics



Content

Users

Pictorial fish sampling steps for 6 diagnostic protocols:
wet mount, microbiome, blood, bacteriology, molecular
diagnostics/virology & histology

Vets, researchers, sample collectors & students

- Sampling materials for fish disease diagnostics
<https://hdl.handle.net/20.500.12348/4836>
- Wet mount sampling guide (for ectoparasites & fungi)
<https://hdl.handle.net/20.500.12348/4837>
- Microbiome sampling guide
<https://hdl.handle.net/20.500.12348/4838>
- Blood sampling guide
<https://hdl.handle.net/20.500.12348/4839>
- Bacteriology sampling guide
<https://hdl.handle.net/20.500.12348/4840>
- Molecular diagnostics sampling guide
<https://hdl.handle.net/20.500.12348/4841>
- Histology sampling guide
<https://hdl.handle.net/20.500.12348/4842>

AHA Norad project

Networking

Activities and strategies/approaches for harnessing and sharing knowledge and lessons identified/developed



100 participants representing 8 countries and various institutions

Data sets created for AHA partners, collaborators, students and trainees

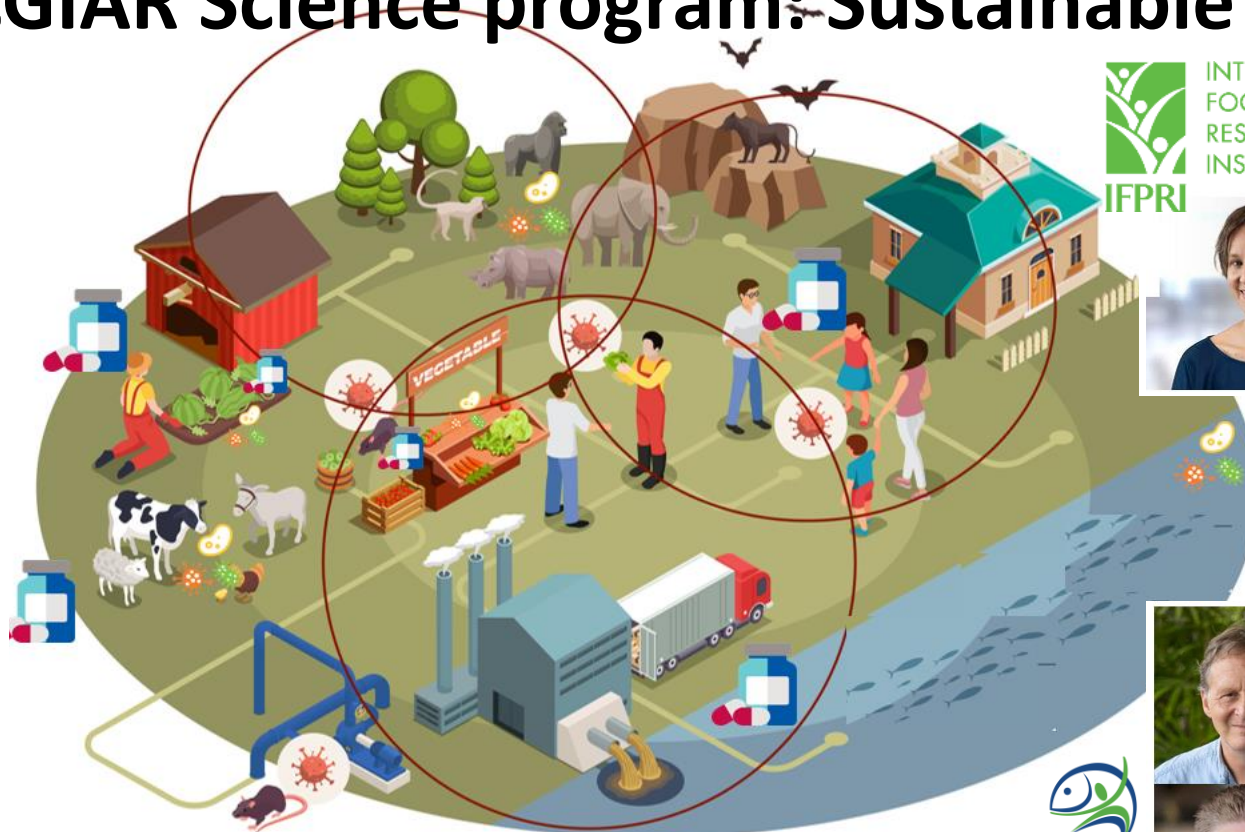
Multi-sectorial collaboration on AMR under the CGIAR One Health Initiative & New CGIAR Science program: Sustainable Animal Aquatic Food

ILRI

INTERNATIONAL
LIVESTOCK RESEARCH
INSTITUTE



INTERNATIONAL
FOOD POLICY
RESEARCH
INSTITUTE



 WorldFish



Meet the CGIAR AMR team

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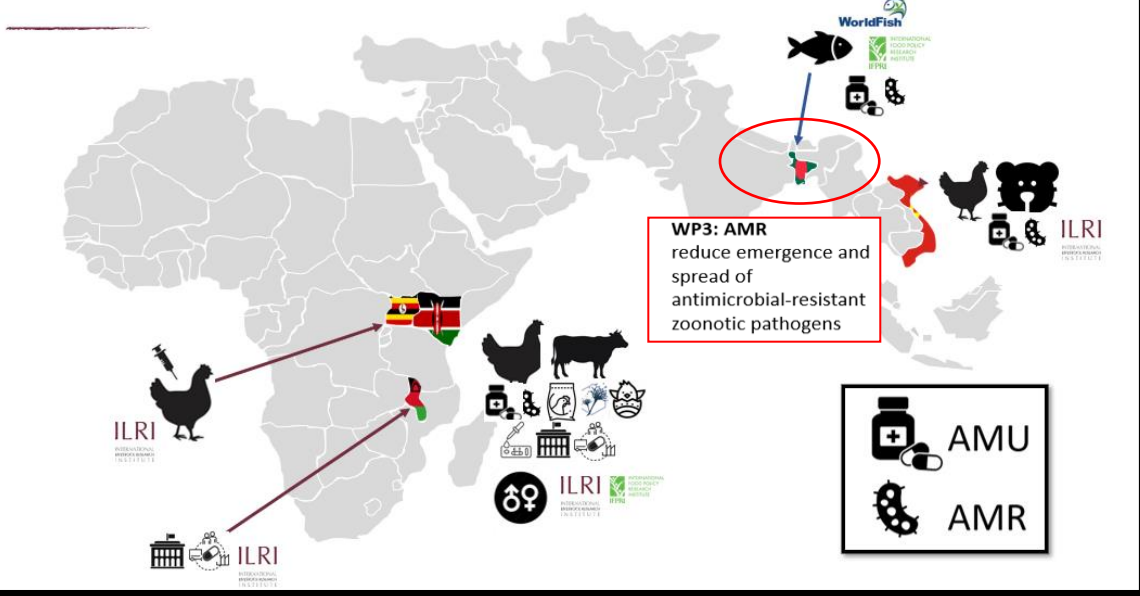


Focal country for AMU/AMR work by WorldFish

CGIAR Initiative

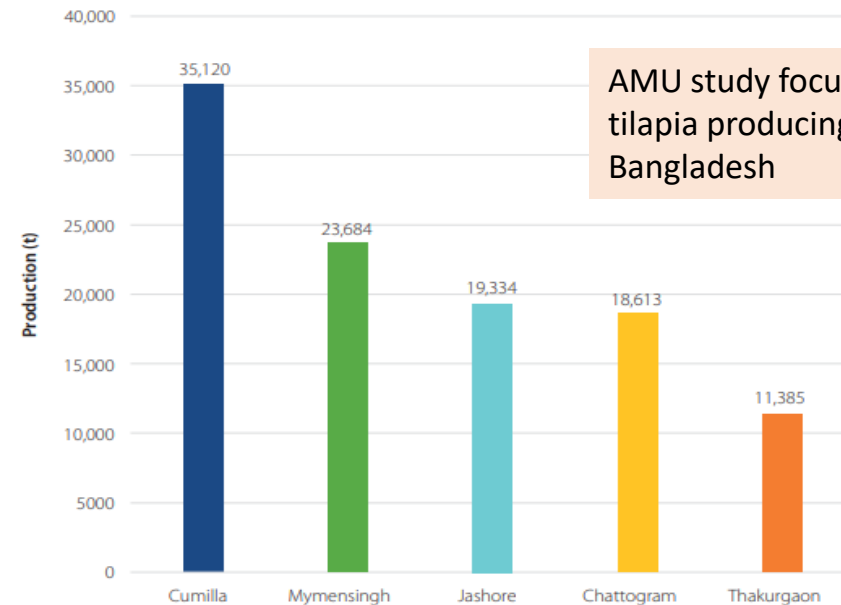
“Protecting Human Health through a One Health approach”

CG One Health AMR activities



Why is Bangladesh vulnerable to AMR?

In Bangladesh **Aquaculture**: 46 chemicals including seven antibiotics are commonly used in aquaculture farms
3rd on the Asian list of number of antibiotics (21 compounds) used in aquaculture
Over 100,000 licensed and 100,000 unlicensed retail drug shops selling drugs including antibiotics over-the-counter.



Food Safety Authority, Ministry of Livestock and Fisheries,
Bangladesh Livestock Research Institute

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Source: DOF 2020.



AMR

The Fleming Fund

- (1) Fleming Fund Fellowship phase I
Bangladesh, phase II Nigeria, and Sierra Leone
- (2) Point prevalence survey, Research, and capacity building in collaboration with FF CG BD
- (3) Fleming Fund OH Regional grant BD, Nepal, Pakistan
- (4) Fleming Fund OH Regional grant West Africa: Ghana, Nigeria, Sierra Leone and Senegal, and East Africa: Tanzania





One Health workshops

Two-day AMR workshop, in Dhaka on “AMR Surveillance in Veterinary and Aquaculture Settings in Bangladesh”.

40 experts: Bangladesh Government policy, Government scientists, Fleming Fund Country Grant, FAO

Identified areas to improve AMR/AMU surveillance in aquatic and terrestrial animal systems



Approaches to strengthen surveillance structures and policy frameworks were discussed in participatory break-out sessions. Dhaka, Bangladesh in March

Trainings of enumerators on AMU/AMR data collection

Pretraining using Learn.ink courses, in-person trainings & demonstrations

LEARN INK



Antimicrobial Usage (AMU) Survey for Aquatic Systems

General overview & guidelines on
how to use the Antimicrobial...



Introduction



General guidelines for the survey



Preparations before & after the
field survey



Quick overview of survey tools, selecting the
survey pond for capturing inputs & outputs.

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Hands-on training on the survey & biological sampling



The Fleming
Fund



WorldFish



Assessment of AMR at wet markets

<https://doi.org/10.3389/fmicb.2024.1329620>

 **frontiers** | Frontiers in Microbiology

Nanopore sequencing for identification and characterization of antimicrobial-resistant *Escherichia coli* and *Salmonella* spp. from tilapia and shrimp sold at wet markets in Dhaka, Bangladesh

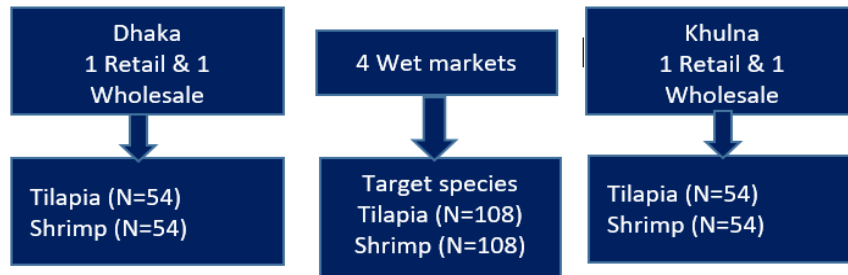
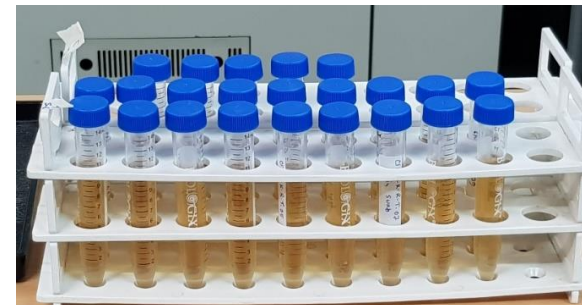
Shafiq Rheman^{1*}, Sabrina Hossain^{1†}, Md Samun Sarker², Farhana Akter¹, Laura Khor³, Han Ming Gan⁴, Andy Powell^{5,6}, Roderick M. Card⁷, Yaovi Mahuton Gildas Hounmanou⁸, Anders Dalsgaard⁸, Chadag Vishnumurthy Mohan³, Zamila Bueaza Bupasha², Mohammed A. Samad², David W. Verner-Jeffreys^{5,6} and Jérôme Delamare-Deboutteville^{3*}



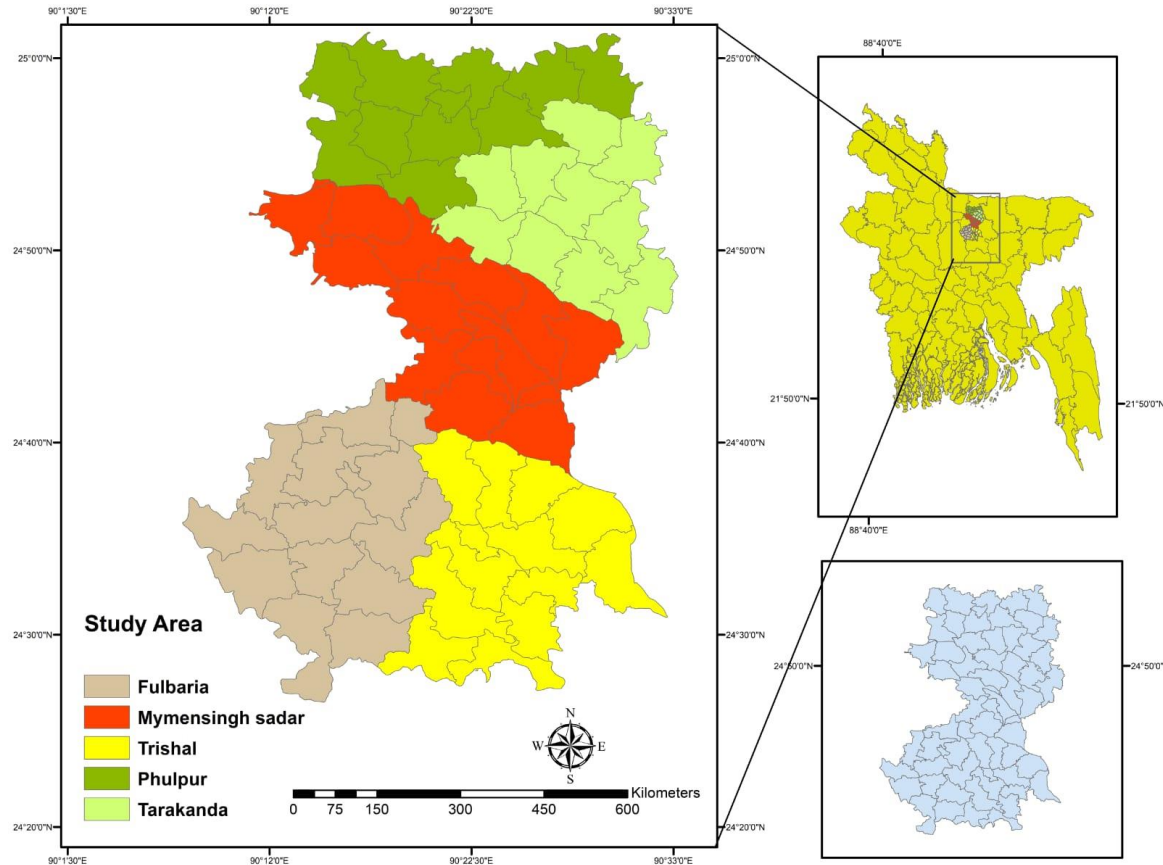
Processing of fish & shrimp samples



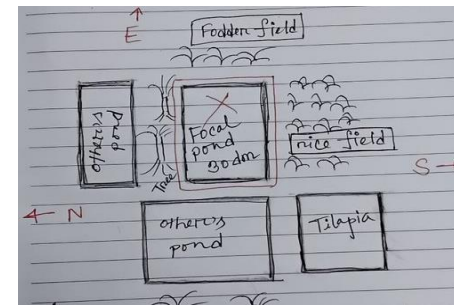
| | Tilapia | Shrimp |
|-----------|---------|--------|
| Skin | ✓ | X |
| Gills | ✓ | X |
| Muscle | ✓ | ✓ |
| Intestine | ✓ | ✓ |



AMU/AMR Cross-sectional & Longitudinal Survey on Tilapia-dominant systems

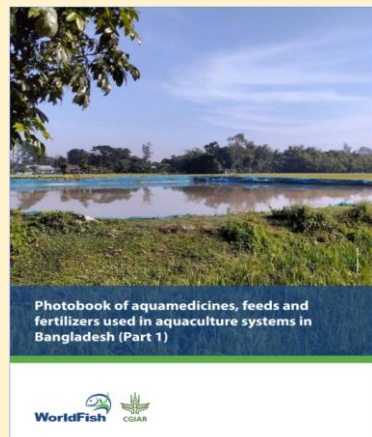


- Questionnaire developed in collaboration with ILRI, IFPRI for harmonization with poultry production dataset
- Observation of 1 pond through 1 cycle (6 months) on farm biosecurity practices, inputs (including antimicrobials) & outputs



Development of aquamedicines photobook for AMU referencing

- Photobook of aquamedicines developed from farm product photos and input shop data.
- Jute bags provided to observe packages of aquamedicines which includes antimicrobials (antiparasitics, antibiotics, antivirals, antifungals)
- Survey of 52 input shops under 7 Upazilas in Mymensingh District for listing agro-chemicals and antimicrobials commonly provided to aquaculture farmers.
- Aquamedicines categorized into antimicrobials, insecticides, oxygen suppliers, harmful gas removers, probiotics, feed supplements and growth promoters.
- List of product photos, brand name, manufacturer and active ingredients.



Agrovet shop survey

- Sales and use of antibiotics in aquaculture
- Practitioner's knowledge, attitude and practices.
- More than 300 aquamedicine brands were documented.
- Sixty-seven antibiotic brands belonging to 9 CIAs and 8 HIAs were reported.



8th world
animal
health
CONGRESS

#WOHC2024

Cape Town, South Africa, 20-23 September 2024

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HOME

Abstract 2077 ☆

Assessment of Antimicrobials and Aquamedicines Usage in Aquaculture Systems: Insights from a Major Fish Production Hub in Bangladesh

SH

Sabrina HOSSAIN, WorldFish, Bangladesh

Sabrina HOSSAIN (1), Shañq RHEMAN (1), Laura KHOR (2), Jérôme DELAMARE-DEBOUTTEVILLE (2), Arshnee MOODLEY (3), David VERNER-JEFFREYS (2), Chadag VISHNUMURTHY MOHAN (4)

1: WorldFish, Dhaka, Bangladesh;

2: WorldFish, Penang, Malaysia;

3: ILRI, Nairobi, Kenya;

4: WorldFish, Emeritus Scientist

Reg
Aql

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Work with local research institutions for AMR surveillance

Bacteriological sampling and processing for AST profiling training in **Khulna University**



Bacteriological sampling and AST profiling training at **BLRI**



AST profiling by disk diffusion method on fish bacteria samples in **WF-KU lab**



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Centre for Environment
Fisheries & Aquaculture
Science

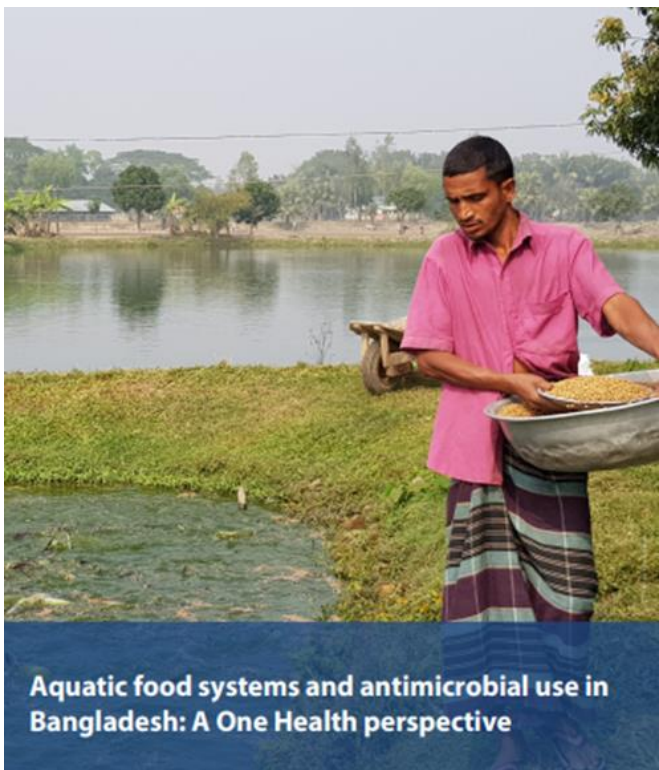


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Other published materials, presentations & activities on AMU and AMR work



Aquatic food systems and antimicrobial use in Bangladesh: A One Health perspective

Scoping review on aquatic food systems and antimicrobial use in Bangladesh aquaculture

Assessment of Antimicrobials and Aquamedicines Usage in Aquaculture Systems: Insights from a Major Fish Production Hub in Bangladesh
Author(s): HOSSAIN, Sabrina; RHEMAN, Shafiq; KHOR, Laura; DELAMARE-DEBOUTTEVILLE, Jérôme; MOODLEY, Arshnee; VERNER-JEFFREYS, David; VISHNUMURTHY MOHAN, Chadag
Presenting Author: HOSSAIN, Sabrina
Submission Type / Conference Track: 8th World One Health Congress Scientific and Science Policy Interface Program

Aquaculture for English-Speaking African Countries

13 - 15 August 2025 Harare, Zimbabwe



WorldFish's collaborative participatory research with Cefas, FAO-ECTAD, and the Department of Fisheries.

Improving biosecurity practices of finfish aquaculture in Bangladesh

Shafiq Rheman Sabrina Hossain

28 Apr 2023 3 minutes read



HIGHLIGHTS

- Finfish biosecurity in Bangladesh is a growing concern due to the high demand for fish and the increasing prevalence of diseases in aquaculture.
- WorldFish and partners are working with Bangladesh national research institutions and national competent authorities to design and develop finfish biosecurity training modules to reduce antimicrobial use (AMU) and antimicrobial resistance (AMR) burden in commercial finfish aquaculture systems.
- Through an 8-day participatory pilot program in February 2023, collaborative partners identified major pathogen-spread pathways, current biosecurity practices and gaps in commercial finfish aquatic production systems.

Development of a biosecurity training module for improving biosecurity practices in finfish aquaculture systems in Bangladesh.

Improving biosecurity practices to reduce antimicrobial resistance in finfish aquaculture in Bangladesh
Author(s): PAPADOPOULOU, Athina; WORSWICK, John; RHEMAN, Shafiq; HOSSAIN, Sabrina; NAHER, Kamrun; RAHMAN, Habibur; ALI, Nowsher; DELAMARE-DEBOUTTEVILLE, Jérôme; VERNER-JEFFREYS, David
Presenting Author: PAPADOPOULOU, Athina
Submission Type / Conference Track: 8th World One Health Congress Scientific and Science Policy Interface Program



Learning resource materials & field guides for AMR sampling work

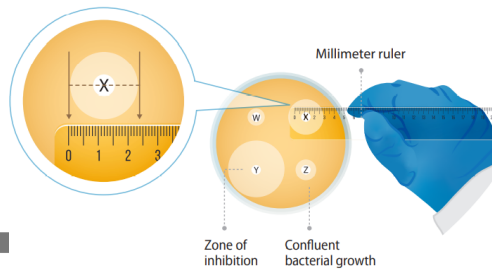
Protocol for antimicrobial susceptibility testing (AST) in aquatic animal species: <https://hdl.handle.net/20.500.12348/4862>

Disk diffusion method (based on CLSI guideline Vet03¹)

- 1 Collect bacteriological samples for AST from hatcheries, farms, wet markets, processing plants and environment (e.g. fish, shrimp, prawn, water, etc.). For live animals, follow standard operating protocol for euthanasia. For wet markets and processing plants, collect freshly killed animals kept on ice.



- 14 Measure inhibition zone diameter under appropriate illumination as per protocols.



- 15 Ensure zone sizes for reference strain are within range and determine epidemiological cut-off values (ECV/ECOFF)/clinical breakpoints if available.

| Antimicrobial agent | Disk content | Interpretive categories and zone diameter, ECVs nearest whole mm | |
|---------------------|--------------|--|------|
| | | WT | NWT |
| W | 25 µg | ≥ 27 | ≤ 26 |
| X | 30 µg | ≥ 28 | ≤ 27 |
| Y | 5 µg | ≥ 30 | ≤ 29 |
| Z | 10 µg | ≥ 18 | ≤ 17 |

Quick fish sampling guides (sampling protocols for wet mount, microbiome, blood, bacteriology, molecular diagnostics and virology, histology)

Choose the appropriate size of syringe and needle* based on fish size.

Fry, juvenile ysh (<5 cm): 1 cc syringe | glass capillary

For very small ysh/fry cut the tail o' and touch a hematocrit capillary tube onto the blood droplet that forms to draw it up.

1 cc, 30G for juvenile ysh

• Label slides: skin mucus smear, gill clip, fin clip, lesion/ulcer (if any).

• Add 2-4 drops of water using a pipette.

• Place the euthanized fish on a clean surface.

FISH MICROBIOME

2 ml

QR code

Barcode

• Pre-fill 2 ml tubes with molecular grade 95%–100% ethanol (ECV®).

• Pre-label tubes using a solvent resistant marker pen, or stick a pre-printed barcode/QR code label with information on the following:

- date of sampling
- fish/specimen number
- specimen type (skin/gill/water)
- date of sampling

For handwritten labels, use abbreviated code (e.g. 210112_F1_S1_21 for 2021, 01-12 for the month (e.g. 01 for January), 01-31 for the day (e.g. 12 for January 12) F1 for fish 1, S1 for skin specimen).

• Place freshly killed fish (below on the head) on a clean surface.

1 Euthanize fish according to standard operating procedure.

2 Place fish on a clean surface and spray with 70% ethanol. Leave to dry.

3a Sampling from ulcer:

1. Clean surface of the ulcer with an ethanol wipe.
2. Select one ulcer per fish. Expose edge of ulcer by removing scales or sharp incision.
3. Insert sterile cotton swab or 1 µl inoculation loop directly into and behind the ulcer.
4. Inoculate biological materials from cotton swab onto selective or non-selective agar plate (e.g. tryptic soy agar TSA).

3b Sampling from kidney (head or caudal):

1. Cut away the operculum.
2. Make a ventral incision from anus toward the gills.
3. Finish the triangle opening to expose the abdominal cavity.

Caution: Avoid perforating the gut or any other organs.

Quick fish sampling guide for disease diagnostics

Histology sampling guide

Step 1: Sample collection

4 For eye organs (eye):

1. For eye organs (eye):
2. For eye organs (eye):
3. For eye organs (eye):

5 For kidney (kidney):

1. For kidney (kidney):
2. For kidney (kidney):
3. For kidney (kidney):

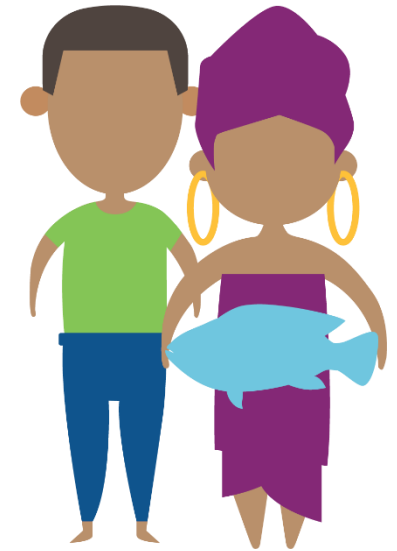
6 For liver (liver):

1. For liver (liver):
2. For liver (liver):
3. For liver (liver):



Partnerships and collaborations (WorldFish work with partners)

- Application of a **systems-thinking approach** to aquaculture systems for **identifying hotspots** for antibiotic resistance emergence, elucidating pathways to human exposure and to identify and assess feasibility of **potential interventions** (RVCL)
- Assessment of Aquatic food systems from a **One Health lens** – Bangladesh work (Cefas UK)
- **Microbiomes** and AMR in aquatic food systems in Malawi and Bangladesh (UoE UK)
- AMR **Learning platforms** and **participatory modelling approaches** (SRC, University of Waterloo Canada)
- **Behavior and practice change** (SBCC) of aquatic food value chain actors including producers in Bangladesh (UoE UK)
- Fleming Fund country grants (Nigeria and Bangladesh) and FF Fellowship programs- **embedding aquatic food systems** in their AMR surveillance and One health work.
- **CGIAR AMR and CGIAR Covid hub** (ILRI, IFPRI, IWMI and WorldFish) and **CGIAR SAAF AoW3** . U Copenhagen
- **Rapid genomic detection** of aquaculture pathogens (UQ, WilderLab, Centex Mahidol, GeneSEQ, Cefas, UoE)
- Future work with:
 - **Fleming Fund Regional grant on AMROH activities** in South Asia (from 2024)





Future...

- Further support aquatic animal health system strengthening in Africa
- Continue to work with partners in target countries to develop and implement research, education, training, and networks/ communities of practice among health professionals.
- Establish a more robust regional presence.
- Employ dedicated health staff embedded in the countries where WorldFish and the NVI operate. These staff can deliver training and support efforts to strengthen the capacity to undertake disease investigations, etc.





Outcomes

- Enhancing research capabilities on aquatic animal health management in SSA
- Improving knowledge and practical skills for aquaculture-related education services and extension capacity
- Disseminating new insights on aquatic animal health within the One Health and One Food Systems framework across SSA through sustainable networking.





Outcomes

- Robust and resilient aquatic animal health systems based on a one-health approach
- Reduced losses, more stable 'shockproof' production, improved food security
- Increased trade, maximizing export revenues
- Reduced use of antibiotics
- Increased profitability, income & investment
- Reduced biodiversity losses and climate change impacts

Relevant WorldFish priority actions in its countries in Asia and Africa

- 1.1 Enable sustainable production of diverse aquatic foods
- 1.2 Cut down on loss and waste
- 1.3 Enhance climate resilience and reduce greenhouse gas emissions
- 2.2 Support sustainable livelihoods, decent work and well-being
- 3.2 Ensure aquatic foods are safe and healthy for human consumption

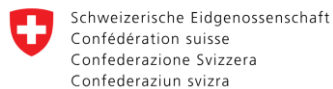




Thank You



Veterinærinstituttet
Norwegian Veterinary Institute



Swiss Agency for Development
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Norwegian Embassy
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