

Regional Training Seminar for WOAH National Focal Points for Veterinary Laboratories (cycle III)

8 - 10 July 2025, Gaborone, Botswana



Co-funded by the European Union

Counter Proliferation & Arms Control Centre





Evolving Threat Landscape for Laboratories WOAH's Work on Emergency Management and Biological Threat Reduction

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An ever-changing hazard landscape for Veterinary **Services**





Hazards relevant to Veterinary and Aquatic Health Services that may trigger National Emergencies





Infectious diseases, including emerging zoonoses and vector-borne pathogens



Geological events: earthquakes, volcanoes and tsunami



Adverse weather and climatic events: storms, floods, fire and drought



Technological disasters and contamination of food and feed chains

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Transport and maritime accidents, including oil spills



Agro-crime, agro-terrorism, cybersecurity, conflict, refugees





Vulnerability of the animal sector

Lesser crimes

Livestock and wildlife farming as soft targets

Contaminated food & feed

Animal and human movements

Complexity of supply chains

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117 WOAH listed diseases

Emerging animal and zoonotic diseases

Wildlife reservoirs & contact with wildlife

Pathogens environmental resistance

Animal-Human interface









of emerging infectious diseases of humans (including Ebola, HIV, and influenza) have an animal origin







There is also increasing evidence to demonstrate that infectious diseases are also being spread from humans to animals (reverse zoonosis)

Fight pathogens at the animal source to protect human health

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WOAH's strategy for biothreat reduction addresses 5 key areas:

- Maintaining expertise and setting standards, guidelines, and recommendations
- Good Governance, Capacity-building and

Implementation of the One Health Concept

• Global Disease Intelligence and Updates on the Latest

Methods for Disease Prevention and Control

International cooperation and Solidarity Between

Countries

Advocacy and Communication





1. Maintaining expertise and setting standards, guidelines, and recommendations

Expertise Network



- CAIRO UNIVERSITY EGYPT
- CENTRE NATIONAL DE VEILLE ZOOSANITAIRE (CNVZ) -TUNISIA
- INTERNATIONAL CENTRE FOR INSECT PHYSIOLOGY AND ECOLOGY (ICIPE) - KENYA
- AFRICAN UNION (AU-PANVAC) ETHIOPIA
- CLEVB EGYPT
- ONDERSTEPOORT VETERINARY RESEARCH SOUTH AFRICA
- ECOLE INTER-ETATS DES SCIENCES ET MÉDECINE VÉTÉRINAIRES (EISMV) - SENEGAL
- FACULTY OF VETERINARY SCIENCES (UP) SOUTH AFRICA
- ANIMAL HEALTH RESEARCH INSTITUTE, AGRICULTURE RESEARCH CENTRE - EGYPT
- BOTSWANA NATIONAL VETERINARY LABORATORY (BNVL)
- INSTITUT AGRONOMIQUE ET VÉTÉRINAIRE HASSAN II MOROCCO

BOTSWANA VACCINE INSELT





1. Maintaining expertise and setting standards, guidelines, and recommendations



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a. Biosafety and Biosecurity







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a. Biosafety and Biosecurity



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b. National Governance Structure









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CASE STUDY - ETHIOPIA

INTEGRATION OF THE PVS PATHWAY INTO A NATIONAL STRATEGIC PLAN FOSTERED INTERNAL RESOURCING AND CHANGE

PVS Evaluation in 2011 | PVS Gap Analysis in 2012

Based on the PVS Pathway outcomes, in 2013, Ethiopia developed a Veterinary Services Strategy with 13 major / 5 subsidiary interventions which started in 2014.

Key achievements in response to the PVS findings:

• Real time mobile phone-based Animal Health information system.

 National paper based reporting > partially webbased, now includes abattoir, quarantine station and laboratory data.

• A national Livestock Identification and Traceability System piloted in 2 locations for 2 production systems.

• The Veterinary Services Rationalization Road Map identifying three groups of Veterinary Services: private good, public good and private-public partnership (PPP) with resources targeted accordingly.

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b. National Governance Structure





3. Global Disease Intelligence and Updates on the Latest Methods for Disease Prevention and Control



Animal Disease Diagnosis, Notification, Prevention, Surveillance and Control







3. Global Disease Intelligence and Updates on the Latest Methods for Disease Prevention and Control









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3. Global Disease Intelligence and Updates on the Latest Methods for Disease Prevention and Control





4. International Cooperation and Solidarity Between Countries





5. Advocacy and Communication





3-5 April 2023



Tackling shared threats for a safer world

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Fortifying Institutional Resilience against Biological Threats (FIRABioT)

Objectives

- Improve WOAH's ability to anticipate, respond and recover from emergencies and ensure business continuity
- 2. Strengthen WOAH Members' abilities and capacities to respond to emergencies, particularly in Africa
- 3. Demonstrate value of WOAH as a partner for security organisations

In **partnership** with



Project Breakdown

- 1. Establish a WOAH Incident management system
- 2. Improve capacity of WOAH Members to respond to emergencies resulting from deliberate releases (focused on Africa)
- 3. Scientific and evidence-based guidance and standards for emergency management developed
- 4. Dissemination of good practices for emergency management (including for deliberate releases)







Why are we doing this in Africa?

- Previous work funded by GAC demonstrated gaps and challenges in emergency management and contingency planning
- Support the Global Partnership's Signature Initiative to Mitigate Biological Threats in Africa

Workstream structure

• Approach is based on lessons identified during previous projects. **Goal**: country driven, collaborative development and implementation





Beneficiary countries

- 1. Algeria
- 2. Congo (Republic)
- 3. Kenya
- 4. Madagascar
- 5. Malawi
- 6. Morocco
- 7. Namibia
- 8. Tanzania
- 9. Zimbabwe







Country activities completed

- Biosafety & biosecurity training: training laboratory personnel on the WOAH standards on biosafety & biosecurity, and the ISO 35001 (biorisk management) – Tanzania, Madagascar, Malawi, Zimbabwe, Morocco and Congo (Republic)
- Diagnosis of CBPP: priority disease that excludes countries from trade in live animals Kenya
- Diagnosis of high consequence pathogens (CBPP & RVF) Congo (Republic)







Country activities ongoing

- Veterinary legislation review (biosafety & biosecurity): VLSP with a biothreat focus Madagascar
 & Malawi [Q1 & Q2 2025, CBD]
- Development of contingency plans for zoonotic diseases: one plan with annexes for the country's priority zoonotic diseases – Madagascar, Malawi, & Namibia
- Drafting laboratory and field biosafety & biosecurity guidelines, protocols, SOPs: to support implementation of biorisk mitigation strategies Kenya & Malawi [Q1, Q2, Q3 2025]
- Laboratory twinning: on biosafety & biosecurity, diagnosis of HCATs or pathogens on the Australia Group List – Tanzania, Algeria









Upcoming country activities

- Bioinformatics & data management training: improving ability of veterinary services to generate and analyse molecular and quantitative data, for improved disease detection and management – Namibia & Zimbabwe [Q2, Q3 2025]
- National Bridging Workshop: linking IHR and PVS/VLSP assessment reports Malawi [Q2 2025, CBD]
- Inventory of dangerous pathogens: database of laboratories holding pathogens of concern for proper tracing and implementation of relevant biorisk mitigation measures **Congo**





Upcoming country activities

- Drafting / Updating laboratory biosafety & biosecurity regulations, guidelines, protocols, SOPs: to support implementation of biorisk mitigation strategies, and foster a biosafety culture – Madagascar [Q3, Q4 2025]
- Developing risk communication strategy: to guide internal and external communication of veterinary services in the event of an emergency (naturally occurring or deliberate event) – Tanzania [Q3, Q4 2025]
- Training on surveillance, early warning and control of biological threats: based on WOAH's surveillance standards and guidance – Morocco [Q3 2026]
- Disease simulation exercises: to assess effectiveness of developed contingency plans –
 Zimbabwe, Morocco, Madagascar & Tanzania [Q3 2025]





Regional Activities completed

- Biological Waste Management Training: proper handling of biological waste in veterinary laboratories to reduce risk of unintentional release or exposure to dangerous pathogens – NICD (Africa CDC)
- Bioinformatics and Data Management Training: improve countries' diagnostic and surveillance capabilities by improving management of molecular and quantitative data – ILRI, IZS Teramo, Institut Pasteur de Tunis
- **Risk and Crisis Communication for animal health emergencies**: addressing misinformation and disinformation, increasing visibility of VS, and improved stakeholder engagement during emergencies **UNICRI, John Hopkins Center for Health Security, USIU-Africa, APAA**
- WOAH Supported Delegation to the IFBA Global Voices Conference 2025: supported 10 competitively selected participants from previous FIRABioT activities.







Upcoming Regional Activities

- Training on planning and conducting disease simulation exercises: simulations key for testing contingency plans and clarifying stakeholder roles in emergency response. (English & French) **[Q2 2025]**
- Regional Agrocrime & Agroterrorism Workshop (English & French) INTERPOL [Q1, Q3 2025]
- Regional Disease Simulation Exercise (English & French) [Q1 2026]
- Training on investigation of suspicious biological events training for vets: training on investigation of suspicious biological events – (Kenya, Tanzania & Zimbabwe) (Algeria, Madagascar & Morocco) [Q1 2026]







Global Conference on Biological Threat Reduction Location: CICG Conference Center, Geneva, Switzerland, (hosted by WOAH) Date: 28 - 30 October 2025



Objectives

- Reflect on Historical Experiences and Current Challenges and anticipate future threats:
- Strengthen International Efforts in Biological Threat Reduction:
- Foster multi-sectoral partnerships in global health security:
- Identify innovative strategies:

Funded by; Global Affairs Canada, US DTRA, EU Commission, Swiss Federal Department of Foreign Affairs

https://www.woah.org/en/event/global-conference-onbiological-threat-reduction/







Summary

- As the global animal health authority, WOAH's mandate ٠ covers all-hazards relevant to animal health – including biological threats
- Remain agile to respond and deliver activities for ٠ Members upon request
- Active engagement with Membership and partners ٠
- Foster collaboration ٠











