

### Towards a More Resilient Veterinary Workforce for Africa 2024

Continental Conference 26 - 28 November 2024 Nairobi, Kenya

Animal health is our health. It's everyone's health









BILL& MELINDA GATES foundation







Veterinary Legislation and Regulation – WOAH *Terrestrial Animal Health Code* Veterinary Professionals and Veterinary Paraprofessionals

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To the Veterinary Authorities of the OIE Member Countries:

2. To facilitate and, where possible, harmonise the legislative framework for the establishment and management of Veterinary Statutory Bodies where these do not exist or do not comply with OIE standards, or to update it for a better recognition of the issues related to the tasks undertaken by veterinary para-professionals as an integral part **Veterinary Services;** 











To the Veterinary Authorities of the OIE Member Countries:

3. To support the veterinary para-professionals to establish independent national, regional and/or sector-wide associations, able and competent to represent the profession(s) in the Veterinary Statutory Body or Bodies;











To the Veterinary Authorities of the OIE Member Countries:

4. To take into account their expectation that the National Veterinary Statutory Body will include veterinary para-professionals in their decisionmaking bodies, beyond the mere registration or listing of these para-professionals;











To the Veterinary Authorities of the OIE Member Countries:

7. To take necessary steps for the enactment and enforcement of required legislation that will ensure the implementation of these recommendations.











# Scope of Presentation Part I: Veterinary Legislation

- 1. What is Veterinary Legislation?
- 2. Why is legislation important for the veterinary domain?
- 3. WOAH standards on veterinary legislation
- 4. Why cover veterinary paraprofessionals in veterinary practice legislation?











# Scope of Presentation Part II: Veterinary Regulation

- 1. What is a VSB?
- 2. What is the difference between a Veterinary Association and a Veterinary Statutory Body?
- 3. Veterinary practice legislation and the VSB
- 4. Why have legislation around veterinary practice?
- 5. WOAH sample Veterinary Practice Act











# Part I

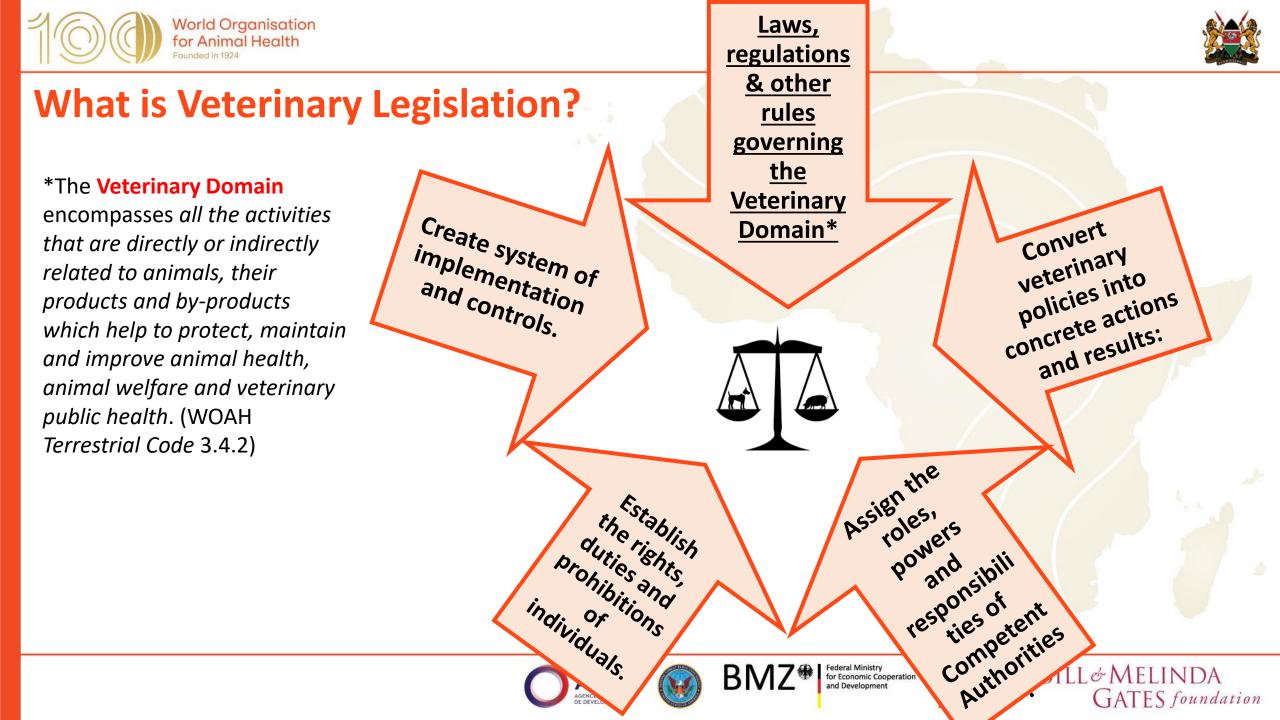
## Veterinary Legislation





BMZ<sup>®</sup> Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development









Why is legislation important for the veterinary domain?

Ensures **preparedness** for future challenges.

Enshrines **accountability** for all actors.

Clarifies **role** of all stakeholders.

Promotes **integrity** for the veterinary profession.







### World Organisation **WOAH** guidelines on veterinary legislation



31st

Edition

Vol.2

### Content of Terrestrial Animal Health Code (TAHC) Chapter 3.4 on veterinary legislation:

- General: purpose and objectives, definitions, structure and organizat with international standards and obligations (3.4.1 - 3.4.4)
- Competent authorities (3.4.5)

or Animal Health

- Veterinarians and veterinary paraprofessionals (3.4.6)
- Laboratories in the veterinary domain (3.4.7)
- Health provisions relating to animal production (3.4.8)
- Animal diseases (3.4.9)
- Animal welfare (3.4.10)
- Veterinary medicinal products (3.4.11)
- Human food production chain (3.4.12)
- Import and export procedures and veterinary certification (3.4.13)







2023

Health Code

World Organisation for





### WOAH recommendations for Veterinary Legislation (TAHC article 3.4.6):

- Provide for the creation of a Veterinary Statutory Body
- Describe VSB prerogatives, structure, functioning & system of VSB regulation of veterinary professionals
- Authorize VSB to regulate
  - Veterinarian & VPP categories (specializations), prerogatives, education (initial and continuous
  - Conditions for recognition of qualifications for practice veterinary medicine (incl. supervision, where necessary)
  - conduct and competence issues, including licensing & disciplinary requirements (code(s) of ethics)
  - Conditions for persons other than veterinarians to carry out veterinarian activities
- If no VSB, address the above elements.

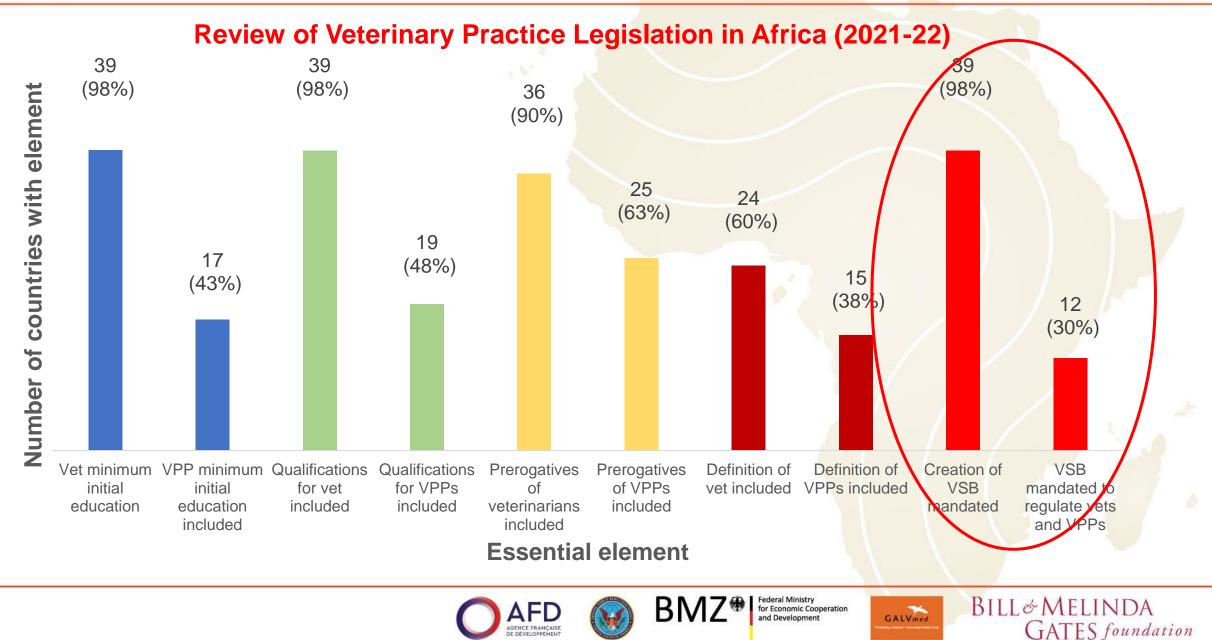
















# Why cover veterinary paraprofessionals in veterinary practice legislation?

- 1. Establish officially recognized categories of VPPs
  - Day One Competencies / Curricula.
- 2. Ensure safe, quality, and ethical veterinary practice
  - \*\*Supervisory and training requirements + code of practice.
- 3. Ensure consistency in **VPP education** 
  - Initial and continuing education
- 4. Promote food security & safety
  - consistent and reliable service delivery
- 5. Ensure regulation of *all areas of veterinary domain* 
  - "ONE HEALTH APPROACH"











# Part II

## Veterinary Regulation





BMZ<sup>®</sup> Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development







### What is a veterinary statutory body (VSB)?

*Veterinary statutory body* means an autonomous regulatory body for veterinarians and veterinary paraprofessionals. (TAHC Glossary)

Autonomous = operates independently, without undue influence from political or commercial interests.

**Regulatory body =** has the authority to control veterinary practitioners

Veterinarians and veterinary paraprofessionals = regulates all categories of practitioners

*Independence* of the VSB is ensured through transparent governance and funding arrangements including an elected, representative council or equivalent, and financial arrangements for the collection and management of registration fees.











### What are the differences between a Veterinary Association and a VSB?

### **Veterinary Statutory Body:**

- <u>Regulatory body</u> → Standard setting, control, enforcement role
- Promotes societal interests along with member interests
- Mandatory membership

### Veterinary/VPP Association / Chamber:

- Professional body → career
  development, advocacy role,
- Primarily promotes the interests of its members
- Voluntary membership











Veterinary practice legislation and the VSB

### **1. Establish the VSB:**

- Mandate, responsibilities
- Powers, competencies
- Structure and composition
- Operating rules and procedures
- Sources and uses of funding











Veterinary practice legislation and the VSB

- 2. Provide for the definition of the officially recognised categories of veterinarians and veterinary paraprofessionals in the country, including:
  - Prerogatives
  - Minimum educational/training requirements
  - Basic competencies
  - Supervision











Veterinary practice legislation and the VSB

- 3. Outline the basic system of controls:
  - Recognition of qualifications (e.g. registration)
  - Conditions to practice (e.g. licensing)
  - Minimum initial and continuous educational requirements and competencies for the various professional categories of veterinarians and VPPs
  - Adherence to codes of conduct
  - Disciplinary action











Why have legislation around veterinary practice? Sets standards for the qualifications and competencies of veterinary practitioners and enforces those standards  $\rightarrow$  quality control

Protects individual interests...

- Animals
- Owners
- Consumers
- Businesses
- Veterinary professionals and paraprofessionals
- ...and societal interests
  - Public health
  - Economy

As with all legislation, veterinary practice legislation promotes legal certainty, transparency, and accountability  $\rightarrow$  trust and confidence.











WOAH sample Veterinary Practice Act WOAH has a sample Veterinary Practice Act for Member Countries to consult as a reference when drafting veterinary practice legislation.

- Contains the most common elements of a regulatory framework for veterinary practice.
- Includes drafting notes explaining certain provisions and presenting different options.
- Intended to be used as a guide, not as a template.
- Each country must tailor its legislation to national circumstances (content as well as form).
- WOAH can support drafting of new practice and other veterinary legislation through its Veterinary Legislation Support Programme (VLSP).











### WOAH sample Veterinary Practice Act



### PART 1. VETERINARIANS AND VETERINARY PARA-PROFESSIONALS

Corresponds to Article 3.4.6 of Chapter 3.4., 'Veterinary Legislation', of the OIE*Terrestrial Animal Health Code* 

#### An Act on the regulation of veterinarians and veterinary para-professionals

#### Preamble

#### Chapter 1. Preliminary

Article 1. Short title Article 2. Definitions

#### Chapter 2. The [National] Veterinary Council

Article 3. Establishment of the [National] Veterinary Council Article 4. Objectives of Council Article 5. Powers and functions of the Council Article 6. Constitution of the Council Article 7. Qualifications of members of the Council Article 8. Tenure of office of members of the Council Article 9. Vacation of office and filling of vacancies Article 10. President and vice-president of the Council Article 11 Meetings of the Council Article 12. Executive committee Article 13. Other committees Article 14. Allowances of members of the Council and committees Article 15. Appointment of registrar and staff Article 16. Funds of the Council Article 17. Bookkeeping and auditing Article 18. Reports by the Council

#### Chapter 3. Regulation of veterinary medicine

Article 19. Practice of veterinary medicine Article 20. Non-application of Act

#### Chapter 4. Registration, licensure and authorisation

Article 21. Registration of veterinarians Article 22. Grounds for refusing registration Article 23. Modification of registration Article 21 Registration of Vets Article 27 Registration of VPPs Article 31 Supervision of VPPs by vets

Article 24. Licensure and renewal of license Article 25. Titles Article 25. Titles Article 26. Reference to academic titles Article 27. Registration of veterinary para-professionals Article 28. Refusal to register Article 29. Modification of registration Article 20. Licensure and renewal of license Article 31. Supervision of veterinary para-professionals Article 32. Supervision in declared emergencies or other special circumstances Article 33. Veterinary students Article 34. Civil liability

#### Chapter 5. Veterinary oath

Article 35. Requirement for an oath

#### Chapter 6. Discipline

Article 36. Professional discipline Article 37. Sanctions

#### Chapter 7. Professional code of conduct

Article 38. Development and adoption Article 39. Application of the professional code of conduct

#### Chapter 8. Regulations

Article 40. Scope of re<mark>gulations</mark>

#### Chapter 9. Penal provisions

Article 41. Penalties







### Thank you for your attention!





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