

Projet régional d'appui au pastoralisme au Sahel (PRAPS-2) Regional support project for the pastoralism in the Sahel

Strategy for the control of contagious bovine pleuropneumonia (CBPP) in the member countries of the Regional Pastoralism Support Project Phase 2 (PRAPS-2)

#### Second Meeting of the Standing Group of Experts (SGE) on Contagious Bovine Pleuro-Pneumonia (CBPP) of the GF-TADs for Africa Lusaka (Zamia), 23-25 july 2024

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Function: Coordonnateur technique

1/17



#### **Presentation outline**

- 1. Brief information on PRAPS-2 and WHOA Technical Coordination
- 2. Mission of the OMSA Technical Coordination
- 3. Strategic direction of control of the PPCB
- 4. Objective of the fight against CBPP
- 5. Organization of the vaccination campaign and vaccination dynamics;
- 6. Project indicators
- 7. Some encountered difficulties
- 8. Some lessons learned.







#### **1. Brief information: 1.1. Origins/Foundations of PRAPS**

- Declarations and commitments made by Sahel countries, regional organizations (ECOWAS, UEMOA, CILSS, OMSA, etc.) and donors during two international forums on pastoralism:
- The N'Djamena conference in May 2013
- The Nouakchott conference in October 2013.
- The Nouakchott declaration "Jointly mobilize an ambitious effort to ensure pastoralism without borders"
- Recognizes the importance of securing this way of life and exploitation in the interest of the Sahelian populations and economies;
- Calls for a 30% increase in animal production within 5 to 10 years;
- Confirms the need for well-coordinated priority regional interventions to address issues related to pastoralism; etc.









#### 1. Brief information: 1.2. PRAPS-2 member countries and objective

6 countries concerned: Burkina Faso, Mali, Mauritania, Niger, Senegal and Chad;

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- **1 regional coordination :** Interstate committee to combat drought in the Sahel (CILSS);
- **5** Components (SA, landscape management, improvement of the value chain, social inclusion of women and young people, National coordination.
- 2 Sub-components in SA (OMSA and CRSA)

**PRAPS Objective 2: Improve the resilience** of pastoralists and agropastoralists in certain targeted areas of the Sahel region (duration Six years 2022-2027); Amount of Word Bank financing: 467 million USD







#### 2. Mission of the Technical Coordination of the "Targeted Technical Support" sub-component to OMSA

- Support for harmonized control of PRAPS-2 priority diseases
- Support for the strengthening and harmonization of countries' epidemiological surveillance systems
- Support for the strengthening and harmonization of veterinary drug control systems
  - Support for the development, implementation and monitoring of national training plans

> Management/Administration/supervision.



- **3. Strategic orientation of the control of the PPCB** Development, technical and political validation of the national strategic plan to combat CBPP :
- Improving the operational efficiency of mass vaccination campaigns
- Monitoring, evaluation and control of operations (seromonitoring, vaccine quality control);
- Isolation, marking, treatment and slaughter of suspect animals;
- Surveillance of the disease in slaughterhouses and in the field (isolation of strains of Mcoplasma Mucoides subs. Mycoides, studies of antibiotic resistance of isolated strains).

Elaboration of the financial need for the PPCB strategic control plan

All 6 countries have their PPCB PNS. It is updated according to needs









### **4.** Objective of the national strategic CBPP control plan The principal objective:

Very significantly improve CBPP control over a 7/8 years horizon
(2030) by aiming for a herd seroprevalence rate of less than 10%.

#### Intermediate objectives:

- Improve the epidemiological surveillance system (KBT system);
- Organize vaccination campaigns and their accompanying measures;
- Strengthen the diagnostic capacities of national veterinary laboratories;
- > Improve breeder membership;
- > Monitor and evaluate the National Strategic CBPP Control Plan.







#### 5. Organization of the vaccination campaign

- Implementation of the programming retained in the PPCB control PNS
- Establishment of a PNS PPCB Steering Committee;
- > Organization of an annual vaccination campaign with dedicated teams
- > Use of the T144 vaccine supplied with the diluent by the producer
- Accompanying each batch of PPCB vaccines with the PANVAC certificate;
- Quality control of vaccine collected from the vaccination site
- > Control and monitoring of the cold chain with recording thermometer
- Post-vaccination seromonitoring every two years; etc.





# 5.1. Status of the CBPP vaccination campaign as of June 15, 2024

	Situation au 15 JUIN 2024		
<mark>Pays</mark>	Vaccinated animals/CBPP	Bovins éligible	Niveau atteint 2024 (%)
Burkina Faso	1 882 433	8 800 000	21,4
Mali	6 435 712	9 500 000	64
Mauritanie	2 287 840	2 567 700	89,11
Niger	6 742 810	12 960 000	45,44
Sénégal	1 982 744	3 449 000	57,49
Tchad	1 709 569	5 400 000	31,65

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## 6. Indicateurs succincts du niveau de mise en œuvre des PNS PPCB

		Menitoring and undeting of the DNC CDDD	
PPCB	CBPP1	Monitoring and updating of the PNS CBPP	
	CBPP2	PANVAC certification of CBPP vaccines	
	СВРРЗ	Control of the supply of CBPP vaccines	
CBPP4		Monitoring the quality of CBPP vaccinesMonitoring the	
	CBPP4	Quality of CBPP vaccines	
	CBPP5	CBPP Séromonitoring	
	CBPP6	Slaughterhouse CBPP monitoring program	
	CBPP7	Antibiotic Resistance Monitoring Program (CBPP)	
Global	Glob1	Stakeholder awareness program	
	Glob2	Campaign organization methodology	
	Glob3	Database under KoBoToolbox system	
	Glob4	PRAPS-2 training program	
	Glob5	upervision by the DGSV of vaccination campaigns	



- 7. Strengthening the capacities of veterinary services through training
- 1. CBPP control strategy and implementation of national strategic plans for this disease (Nouakchott, Mauritania, from August 5 to 9, 2019)
- 2. Organization and harmonization of seromonitoring survey protocols: Montpellier, N'Djamena and Dakar (2015, 2017 and 2021);
- 3. Role of diagnostic and vaccine production laboratories in the implementation of PRAPS activities (Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso from January 14 to 18, 2019)
- Regional training on Diagnosis and isolation of mycoplasma strains (Bamako-Mali 2016)
- 5. Titration of the PPCB vaccine (Bamako-Mali 2020), seromonitoring (Montpelier, Dakar); epidemiological database under Kobotoolbox (Dakar 2017, 2029, 2022), etc.
- 6. Training at national level (on vaccine stora etc.

**hones for kobotoolbox**,



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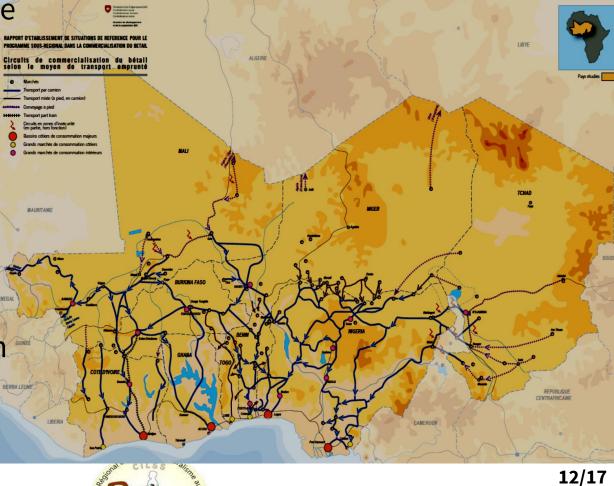




- Livestock mobility;
- The low/absence of the level of funding of the NSP to cover vaccine needs
- Difficulties in reconciling NSP PPCB forecasts and vaccination figures
- The low level of some systematic application of good practices
- Insecurity

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## 8. Some major difficulties





- L'harmonisation de la planification à travers les PNS sur les 6 pays membres du PRAPS-2;
- The harmonization of planning through the PPCB NSP in the 6 member countries of PRAPS-2;
- The adoption of good practices in the activities of the SV (use of certified vaccines, quality control of vaccines, marking of animals, serominitoring, databases under KBT, etc.;
- Synchronization of the vaccination period has become a reality between PRAPS-2 countries with the support of SC1.2. PRAPS-2, etc.;
- Notorious difficulties exist in reconciling vaccination figures with PNS programming;
- Poor mobilization of additional financial resources for the NSP CBPP.<sub>13/17</sub>











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#### Photos de la formation des agents du LNE sur le Titrage du vaccin PPCB







Opération de vaccination des bovins contre la PPCB dans la commune de GUEGUERE (Région du Sud-Ouest) au Burkina Faso Campagne de vaccination 2023-2024



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Photos de la formation régionale sur l'installation et la gestion du serveur lié au système KoBoToolbox







#### LA CARAVANE DU PRAPS-2 VOUS REMERCIE





