

Strengthening Environmental Actions on Antimicrobial Resistance

Feedback from Sector Webinars held between participants from Zimbabwe Environment sector and UNEP officials

Introduction

- AMR is a global health crisis; requires a multisectoral approach.
- Environment sector's crucial role in addressing AMR;
- 2 Webinars held aimed at strengthening capacity and actions.

Meeting Overview

- ► The main objectives of the webinars were;
- **Strengthen institutional capacity:** Improve knowledge, attitude, and practices on collection and management of unused antimicrobials.
- ► Facilitate safe disposal: Develop and implement plans for safe disposal of unused antimicrobials.
- Done through :
- Expert-led discussions which were moderated and documented.
- Break-out sessions

First Webinar

- Main focus on ;
 - -waste prevention,
 - waste collection and disposal
 - -end of pipe treatment
 - -legislation
 - -Data monitoring and surveillance
 - -Research

Waste Prevention

- Reduce the burden of antimicrobial waste
- Increase WASH activities (currently WASH activities disturbed by poor infrastructure)
- Develop WASH activities which are multisectoral
- Behavioral, cultural and religious factors

Waste Collection and Disposal

- Irregular waste collection
- No properly designed disposal sites
- Protocol for disposal of medicines available but not implemented fully
- Private companies coming up with recycling initiatives-limited to few urban areas
- Sewer bursts
- WWTPs in African countries not designed to remove residual antibiotics
- Most not functioning

Waste collection cont

- > Illegal housing schemes that are sprouting all over the nation
 - -impacts on the sewer load: increase in sewer bursts
 - -Poorly constructed septic tanks

End of pipe treatment

- ▶ Need for development of properly lined landfills throughout the country
- Innovation into the development of waste water treatment that can remove antibiotics
- Incinerators that are up to standard

Legislation

Need for strengthening of policies and regulations that are already in place

Data monitoring and Surveillance

- Need for a baseline survey on antibiotics present in the environment
- EMA and local authorities to run a surveillance program on AMR in wastewater effluents, dumpsites and landfills
- Also surveillance for other diseases other than COVID, malaria and cholera should be put in place

Research

- Government to fund AMR research focusing on national policies
- Research on AMR highly fragmented and not speaking to policy

Education and Awareness

- Include AMR issues in school curricular
- Involve youths in science education- let them champion AMR issues
- Need for behavior change

Webinar 2

- Focused mainly on strengthening multisectoral coordination
- Four key recommendations emerged from the meetings.

- Strengthen coordination mechanisms.
 - Establish or enhance multisectoral coordination
 - Clarify roles and responsibilities for each sector

- Shared costs and capacity building.
- Encourage shared financial responsibility.
- Promote capacity building across sectors.

- Youth engagement
 - Engage youths through awareness campaigns.
 - Appoint AMR youth champions guided by experts

- Integration in education
 - Embed environmental issues in the national curriculum.
 - Foster behavior change and environmental citizenship

Conclusion

- In conclusion, these meetings offered valuable insights and recommendations
- Focused on *unused antimicrobials* and *environmental behavior*
- Recommendations highlight multisectoral coordination, shared costs, youth engagement, and education integration

THANK YOU

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