



Progressive Management Pathway for Terrestrial Animal Biosecurity (PMP-TAB)

Towards a sustainable and resilient livestock sector

GF-TADs Standing Group of Experts on African Swine Fever for Africa meeting Abidjan, Cote d'Ivoire, 1-3 August 2023

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Better Production 3: FAO's One Health Programme Priority Area

1: Strengthened and integrated early warning and information systems

3: Improved preparedness, anticipatory action and response for food chain emergencies

2: Enhanced national biosecurity to prevent next pandemics

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BP3 One Health Program Priority Area

Strengthened and better performing national and international integrated One Health systems for human, animal and plant health













5: Sustained country investments on OH systems including biodiversity and its ecosystem services

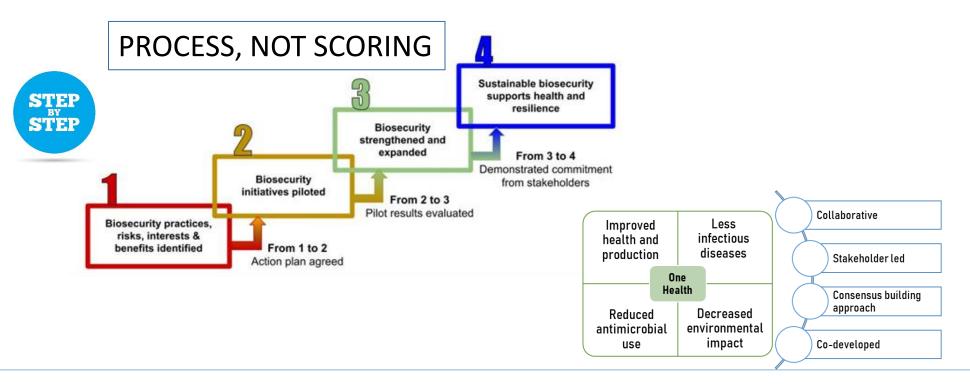


Antimicrobial Resistance Capacities

4: Improved capacities in antimicrobial resistance risk management

PMP-TAB: Progressive Management Pathway for Terrestrial Animal Biosecurity

FAO defines biosecurity as a strategic and integrated approach that encompasses the policy and regulatory frameworks for analysing and managing relevant risks to human, animal and plant life and health, and associated risks to the environment





https://www.fao.org/documents/card/en/c/cc5771en

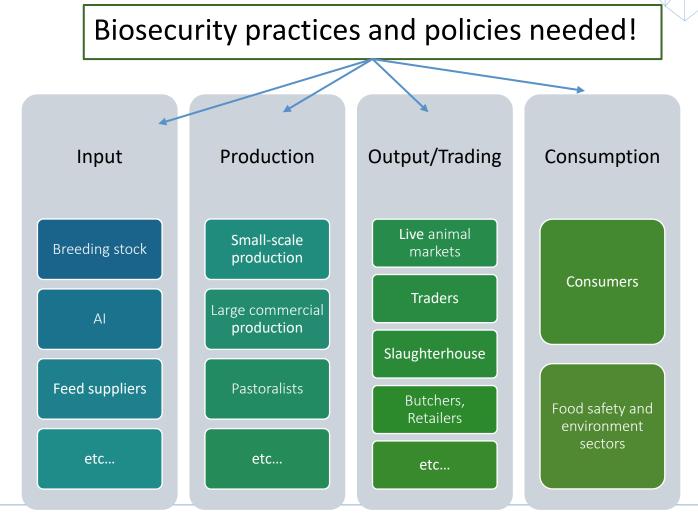
PMP-TAB is an Umbrella framework

PMP-TAB:

- Builds on and brings together existing tools and approaches
- Not disease specific
- Process, not scoring
- Framework to make sustainable improvements
 - At value chain level (practices)

AND

 At public sector/national/local level (policies, capacities)



PMP-TAB: Principles

Principles guide **PMP-TAB** approaches and actions

Collaborative, inclusive

Stakeholder led

Consensus building approach

Sustainable

One Health and PPP approaches

Business and economic incentives at each step

Facilitate replicability/uptake

PMP-TAB: Core Components

Core components: consider at every step of improving biosecurity

Knowledge and information

Understanding of the risk situation

Enabling Environment

The broader context within which individuals and organizations function (governance, information exchange etc)

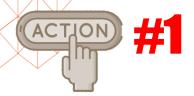
Infrastructure and capacity

Human, physical and financial resources

Practices

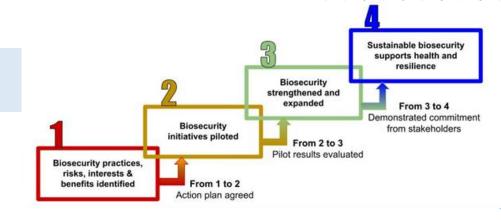
Actions and activities that influence biological risks

PMP-B: Actions





- Characterize biosecurity risks along animal value chains (including wildlife)
- Characterize the policy and legislative framework
- Identify socio-economic incentives that support the adoption of biosecurity practices
- Pilot, document and promote best practices for biosecurity improvement
- facilitate public-private dialogue and collaboration to support the adoption of good practices







Strengthening national capacities to implement and monitor PMP-B

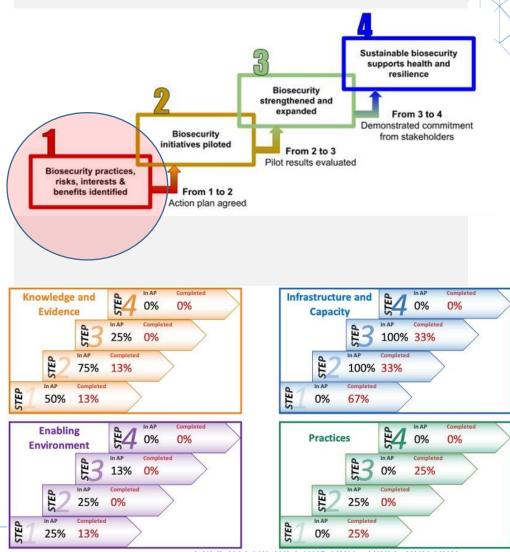
- Strengthened policies and legislation
- Auditing and monitoring capacity
- Integrated surveillance and early warning
- Strengthened health systems (lab, surveillance, emergency preparedness)
- Workforce competency development

Action plan(s) to improve biosecurity at farm/sector/ national levels with defined milestones

PMP-TAB: Progressive Management Pathway for Terrestrial Animal Biosecurity

Getting Started with the PMP-TAB

- Situation assessment and Stakeholder consultation:
 - a. Identify priority sector(s) for biosecurity pilot
 - Situation assessment: map stakeholders, compile information and results from past/current activities
 - c. Set up PMP-TAB taskforce with public and private stakeholders
 - d. Develop Action Plan covering 4 areas:
 - Knowledge and evidence
 - Infrastructure and capacity
 - Enabling Environment
 - Practices
 - e. PMP-TAB tracking tool available to support (beta version)



Community of Practice (CoP) for Terrestrial Animal Biosecurity

- Share and generate knowledge about terrestrial animal biosecurity
- Promote collaboration amongst members and experts
- Membership inclusive
- Hosted on FAO's Virtual Learning Center (VLC) Platform
- Include monthly webinars, knowledge repository/toolkit, member-driven activities and outputs

Join us!

Visit https://virtual-learning-center.fao.org/mod/page/view.php?id=8724&forceview=1 or contact us at PMP-TAB@fao.org

















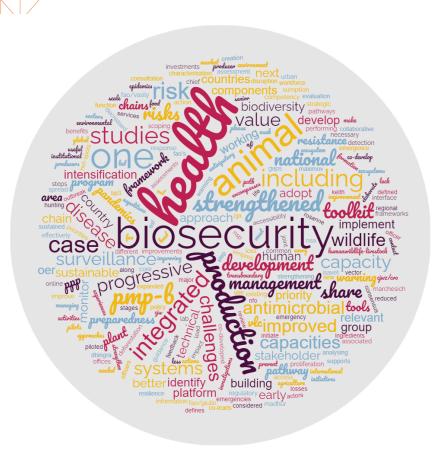






Click to

Conclusion



Sustainable, inclusive, resilient livestock sector

Health improvements and resilience

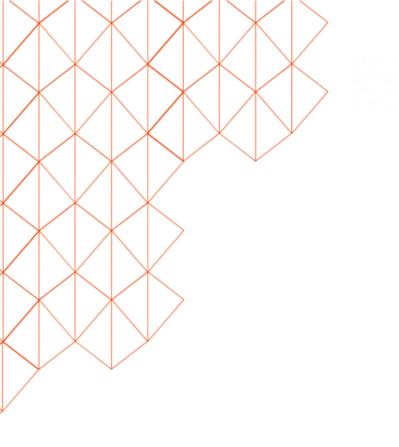
- Reduced burden of disease and AMR
- Improved production
- Improved socio-economic benefits in the livestock sector
- Improved One Health outcomes

Three dimensions of sustainability

- Economic
- Social
- Environmental

Remember: FAO defines biosecurity as a strategic and integrated approach that encompasses the policy and regulatory frameworks for analysing and managing relevant risks to human, animal and plant life and health, and associated risks to the environment





THANK YOU

