

Input from WAVMA/AAH Practitioners from SADC Region



World Organisation
for Animal Health



Launch of the Regional Aquatic Animal Health Network for Southern Africa (RAAHN-SA)

25 – 27 July 2023 Lusaka, Zambia



Dr. Kunda Ndashe BVM, MSc, CertAqV
Aquatic Veterinarian-Zambia



Layout

Input from AAH Practitioners from SADC Region

Zambian Scenario

- Success stories
- Challenges
- Opportunities

Input from AAH Practitioners from SADC Region



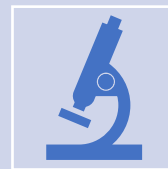
Information and
Knowledge Sharing



Capacity Building and
Training



Surveillance



Research and
Development

Information and Knowledge Sharing



Reference point disseminating regionally scientifically validated information including extension materials and implementation guidelines for all aspects related to AAH within the SADC region



Support aquaculture producers and fishers adopt best practices for AAH and aquatic ecosystem health. Do not leave smallholders – tailor systems/programs to ensure they are part of the process.



Create public awareness

Capacity Building and Training



Training to attain and sustain the critical level competent aquatic veterinary workforce (i.e. across all cadres from farmer to field practitioners, research policy makers) needed to achieve aquatic biosecurity and ecosystem health, bearing in mind this is a multidisciplinary field.



Establish and invest in appropriate systems (soft and hard) for holistic service delivery ensuring smallholders are not left to enable effective implementation of all recommended aquatic biosecurity control strategies, programs and actions.



Establish a SADC regional data-base of AAH practitioners with respect to facilitating the mobilization regional experiences and expertise.

Surveillance



Coordinate all surveillance programs



Establish regional standards, protocols and guidelines for implementation –mobilize resources for implementation, etc.



Establish a sustainable regional system for data collection (aside from WAHIS), passive surveillance, reporting, response and communication within the region bearing in mind the specific needs of the regions' aquatic animal sub-sectors and stakeholders.



Visual aids for public (especially to aid passive surveillance and guide producers)

Research and Development



Atlas of conditions affecting aquatic animals in the region



Standards and implementation guidelines for AAH monitoring and control



Cost-effectiveness and socio-economic impacts.



This would also include impacts for wild aquatic animal welfare

Zambian Scenario (Success stories)

Disease Surveillance through Research



September 2014: UNZA through NMBU conducted the first bacteriological survey on Lake Kariba



Virbac Funded Surveillance: 2017 in Lake Bangweulu and Lake Kariba



May 2018: Collaborating from UNZA and MSc Student in TRAHESA project



USAID funded project through Mississippi State University and UNZA studying Disease in Small scale Cage Culture

Student Mentorship



MSc One Health Food Safety from
UNZA



MSc AAH Sokoine University



DVM from NMBU

Participation in Government Activities



July 2023: Development of Disease surveillance SOPs



June 2023: Developed AAH course module at Fisheries college for para-professionals



May 2023: Development of National Pathogen List with FAO

Capacity Building



October 2019: 12-Point surveillance Plan training



2019: Awarded Scholarship by GRZ to pursue PhD in AAH at UNZA

Challenges

Lack of Public Awareness on best management practices

Biosecurity Issues among small scale producers

Insufficient fish veterinary specialists in the private sector to meet the demands of the expanding aquaculture industry.

Fish farms not free sharing disease information

Opportunities



Inspire more veterinarians to specialize in Fish health management



Continuous improvement to the BVM curriculum (UNZA) to accommodate AAH courses



Development of fish disease treatment guideline



Leverage the use of technology to offer AAH services to many fish farmers e.g BUNA Fish Health

Thank you