

Antimicrobial resistance (AMR) Multi Partner Trust Fund (MPTF) project in West Africa

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Introduction

The AMR MPTF projects contribute to combat the threat of AMR through strategic collaboration, sustainable streams of capital, and Sustainable Development Goal-focused responses that support localized 'One Health' National Action Plans. Thus, the Quadripartite organizations are working closely for its implementation. In West Africa, the MPTF project is underway in Ghana and Senegal.

Project expected results

1. Explicit commitments on AMR based on evidence and quality data made by countries.
2. AMU associated behaviours and practices sustainably improved in critical sectors.
3. Multi-sectoral approach to the AMR agenda strengthened globally.
4. Regulatory frameworks to ensure access to safe and quality antimicrobials strengthened.

Main achievements in West Africa

IN SENEGAL:

- Surface technicians' skills in biocleaning in all sectors strengthened.
- Skills of surface technicians in biomedical waste management strengthened in health care, veterinary care and sanitation facilities.

IN GHANA:

- An application for tracking AMR indicators for AMR NAP developed.
- An exercise to support the monitoring and evaluation framework and identify cost-effective (efficient) means to monitor and evaluate implementation of the NAP accomplished.

Conclusions

- The AMR MPTF project seeks to promote increased integration and coordination within the Quadripartite (WOAH, FAO, WHO and UNEP) and promote One Health action to tackle AMR.
- The AMR MPTF is a mechanism to ensure coherent and coordinated development funding to support the AMR NAPs.
- The achievements made and those to come will enable countries to fight AMR and preserve the effectiveness of antimicrobials.

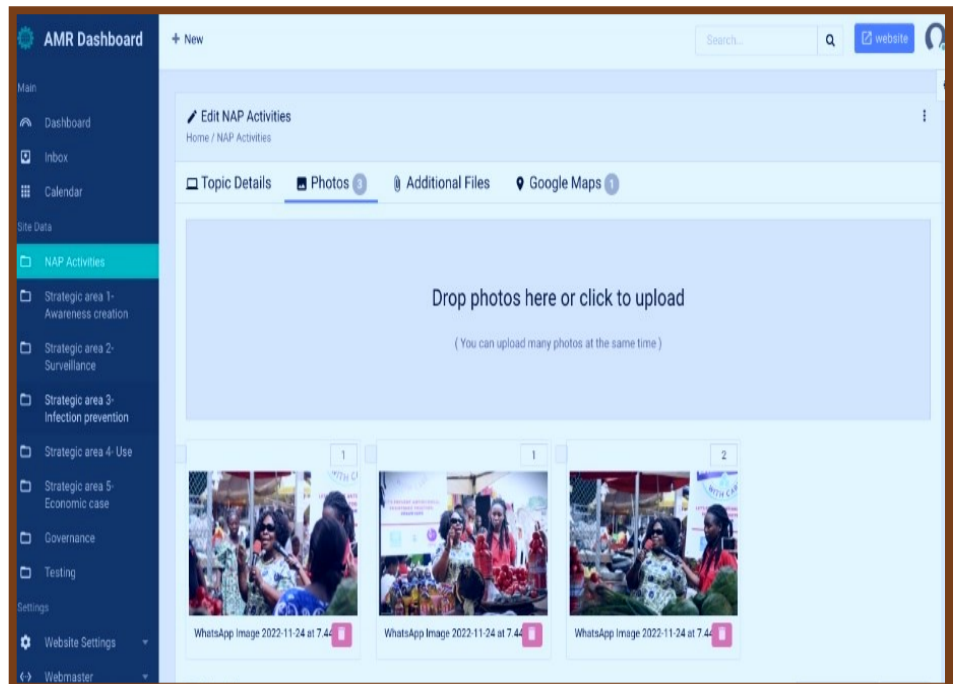


Image: Snapshots of system* permissions - application for tracking AMR indicators for Ghana AMR NAP.

*The system allows the different national stakeholders to report on the AMR NAP activities implemented.

Activities planned for Q1 2023

IN GHANA:

1. Establish the surveillance system of antimicrobial use in all sectors.
2. Develop monitoring tools for antibiotic use in terrestrial and aquatic animals.
3. Conduct antimicrobial use studies in animals.
4. Develop training scheme/content and train veterinary personnel.

IN SENEGAL:

1. Conduct pharmacovigilance surveillance in four regions.
2. Organize the meeting of the National Commission of Pharmacovigilance.



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World Health
Organization



World Organisation
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