

Resource Mobilisation for PPR eradication

Simon Kihu

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Programme officer, PPR Secretariat



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for Animal
Health

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de la santé
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Status of resource mobilisation in Africa for disease eradication

- Mobilisation of resources is a major challenge in the region except for a few countries.
- Most national governments have not adequately financed their PPR National Strategic plans
- Available donor support to some national and regional initiatives has been targeted and insufficient to ensure effective coordination
- Control of TADs *per se* is not of a high priority interest to most donors and investment banks particularly in absence of disease socio-economic impact studies.
- National governments and RECs seem to be oblivious to the situation



Positioning for resource mobilisation

- The primary responsibility for allocating and disbursing resources for PPR eradication rests with the national governments
- The mainstreaming of PPR eradication into national development planning and programming for donor support is key to ensuring the allocation of the requisite resources at national level.
- Need for ministerial dialogue for adequate investments in PPR eradication and the control of other high-impact diseases of small ruminants between Ministry of Agriculture Livestock and Ministry of Finance.
- Demonstrate to Resource Partners benefits of disease eradication



Advocacy for investments in PPR Eradication

- Development of effective partnerships and alliances to leverage and mobilise the expertise, resources, technical, financial, and political support necessary for the implementation of strategy
- Key advocacy documents to be developed include PPR National strategic plan (NSPs).
- An investment plan should be developed based on costed NSPs.
- Develop an effective evidence-based advocacy and communication plan that clearly describes how
 - achieving PPR eradication aligns with the mandates and missions of partners
 - concomitant benefits which the PPR eradication will achieve for other small ruminant diseases, animal health services, animal health markets, trade, livelihoods, biodiversity, sustainable development, women and youth.
 - PPR eradication plan will offer a better case for, and return on, investment and impact for national governments and donors.
- Engage key SR value chain actors to co-advocate for PPR eradication
- Develop a monitoring and evaluation framework that will allow for improved accountability which permit national treasurer and donors to better measure the impact of their funds



What next?

- Do Members have reviewed PPR National strategic plans?
- Are the available NSPs costed and included in National Animal Health Investment plans?
- Successful resource mobilization requires a lot of work and takes a lot of time.
- Need to understand funding cycles of resource partners and government budget cycle for effective engagement.
- The eradication of PPR will need to be mainstreamed into high level political dialogues with development assistance partners.



Thank you

12, rue de Prony, 75017 Paris, France
T. +33 (0)1 44 15 19 49
F. +33 (0)1 42 67 09 87

woah@woah.org
www.woah.org

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