Regional Animal Health Situation (2021 and 2022)

25th Conference of the WOAH Regional Commission for Africa

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21 February 2023



World Organisation for Animal Health Organisation mondiale de la santé animale

Organización Mundial de Sanidad Animal Fundada como OIE

Outline

- 1. Acknowledgements
- 2. WAHIS update
- 3. Animal health situation in Africa
 - High pathogenicity avian influenza
 - Selected zoonotic vector-borne diseases
 - Crimean-Congo haemorrhagic fever
 - Rift Valley fever
 - West Nile fever
 - African swine fever
 - Peste des petits ruminants
 - Aquatic animal diseases

4. Key message

To those who:

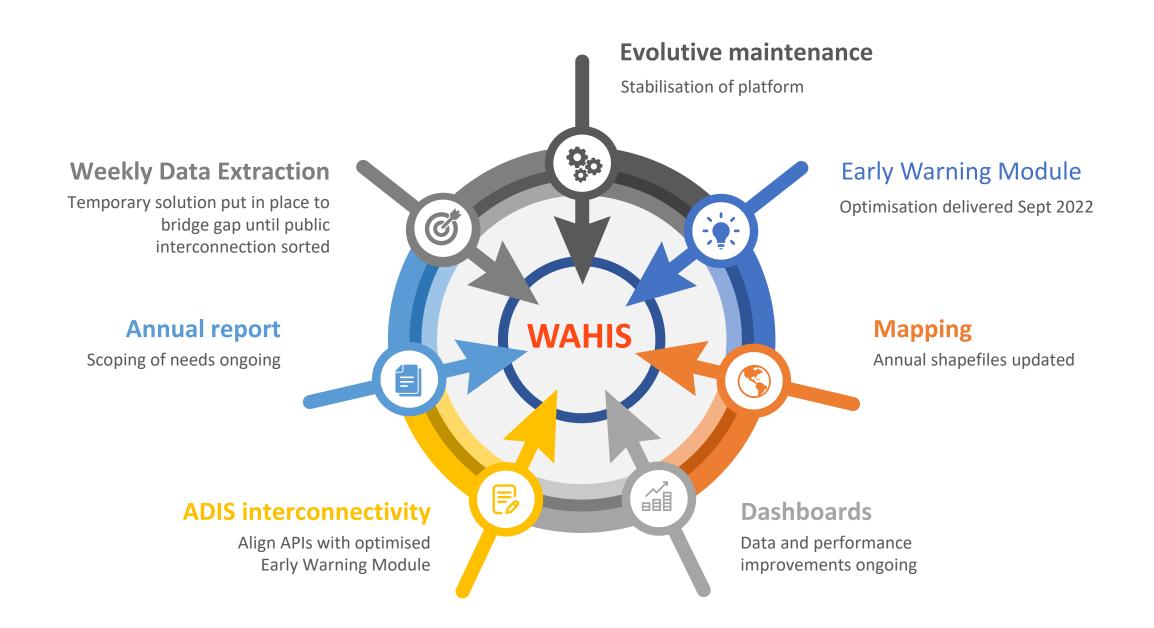
Acknowledgements and thanks

- report
 - Members (Delegates and Focal Points)
- make reporting possible
 - WAHIAD team
 - active search
 - early warning
 - monitoring
 - WAHIS project
 - training
 - Regional and Sub-Regional Representatives
- analyse, summarise, interpret
 - Data Integration Department (DID) team (Head: Dr Laure Weber-Vintzel)
 - Drs Lina Awada and Paolo Tizzani
 - WAHIAD team

WAHIS Update

Business Programme Lead – Dr Peter Melens

Business Project Manager – Natalja Lambergeon



What is planned for WAHIS in 2023?

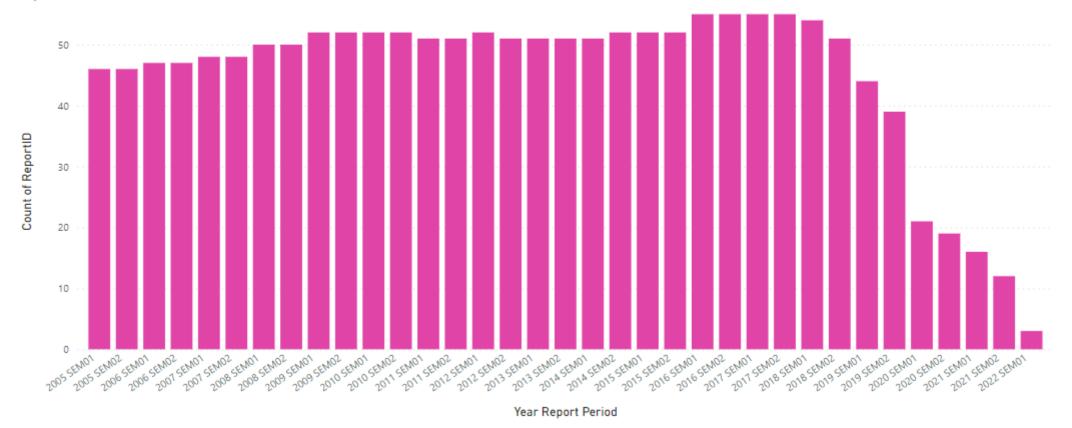


Animal health situation in Africa

Terrestrial Six-Monthly Reporting in Africa as of 13 February 2023

Count of ReportID by Year, Report Period and Report Status

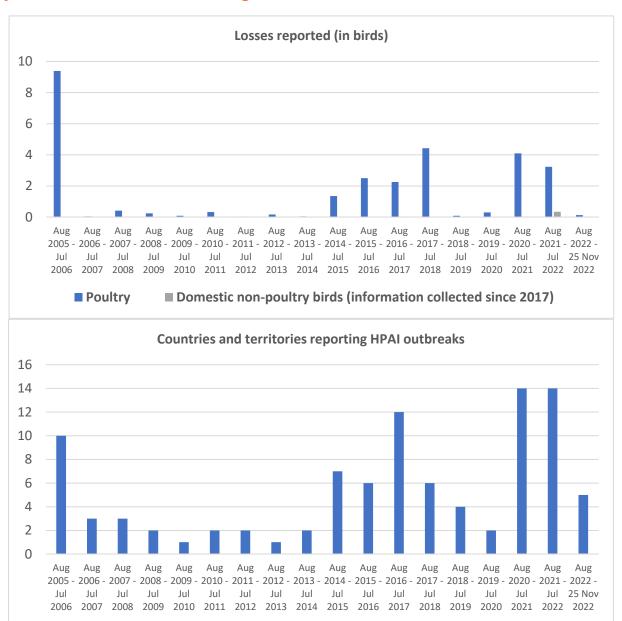
Report Status • Validated





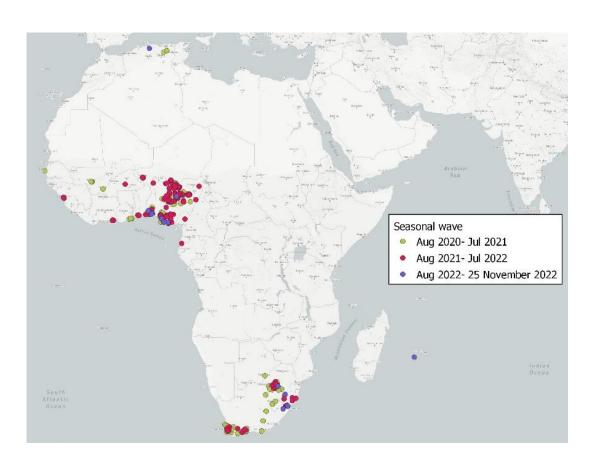
Impact of high pathogenicity avian influenza outbreaks reported through the early warning system between 1 August 2005 and 25 November 2022

Sum of number of birds killed or disposed of within outbreaks

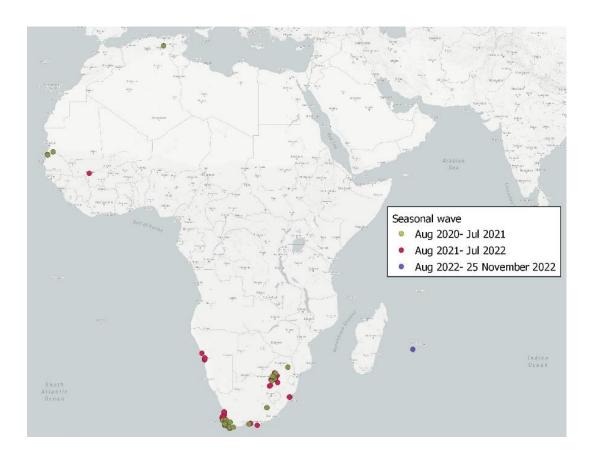


High pathogenicity avian influenza outbreaks reported through the early warning system between 1 August 2020 and 25 November 2022

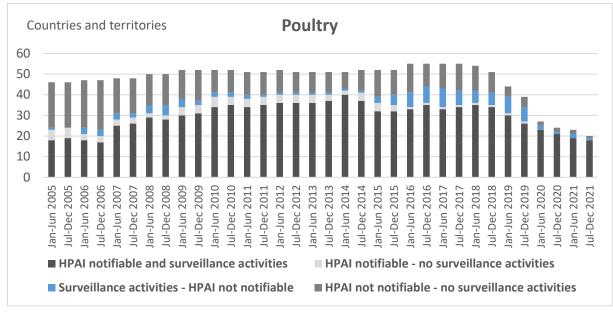
Outbreaks in poultry

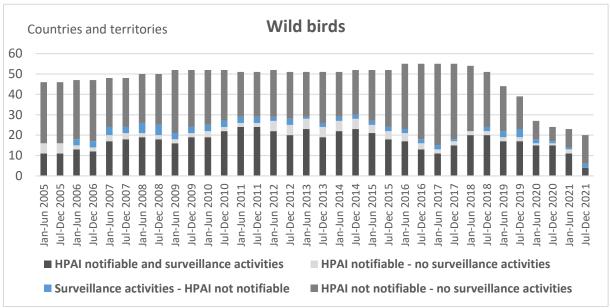


Outbreaks in non-poultry including wild birds

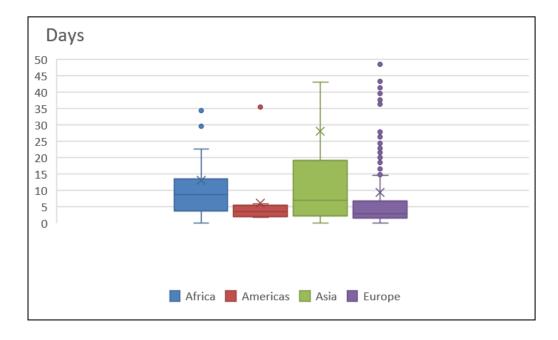


Control and prevention of spread of high pathogenicity avian influenza



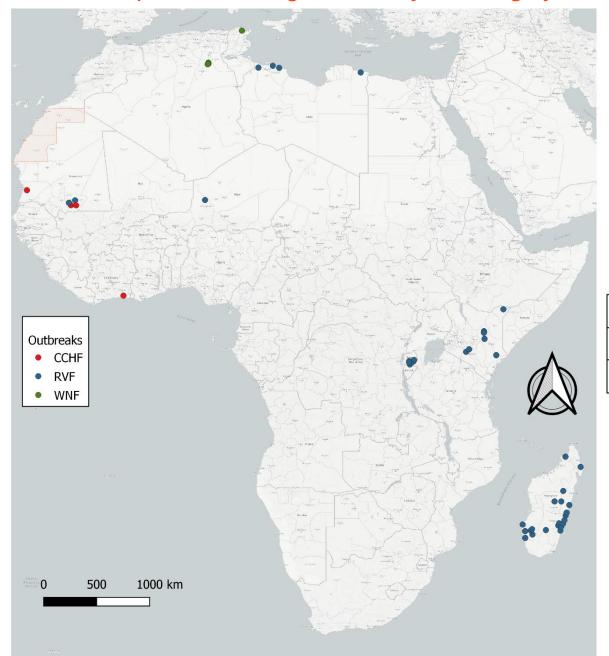


Submission time (days) between confirmation of disease and notification to WOAH, by region





Outbreaks of Crimean-Congo haemorrhagic fever, Rift Valley fever, and West Nile fever reported through the early warning system between 1 January 2021 and 25 November 2022



Percentage of reporting countries declaring the diseases notifiable in 2018

Notifi_2018	CCHF	RVF	WNF
Domestic	34%	71%	36%
Wildlife	19%	27%	17%

Percentage of reporting countries declaring surveillance activities for the diseases in 2018

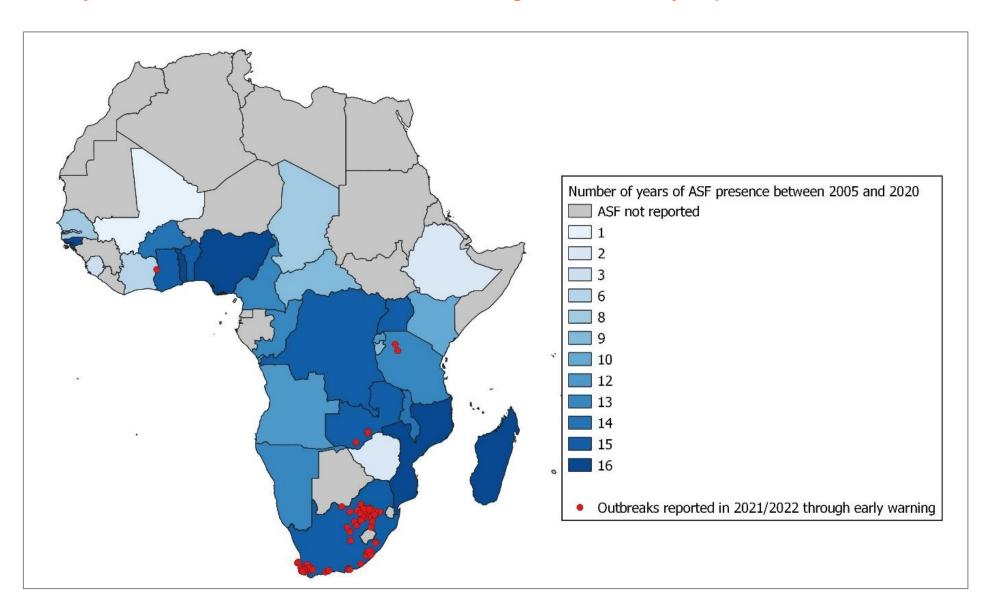
Surveillance_2018	CCHF	RVF	WNF
Domestic	37%	71%	38%
Wildlife	17%	36%	12%

Potential consequences of low levels of surveillance:

- increase risk undetected circulation of the viruses
- delayed identification of a disease after introduction to a country
- underestimation of the true disease burden in animals and humans.

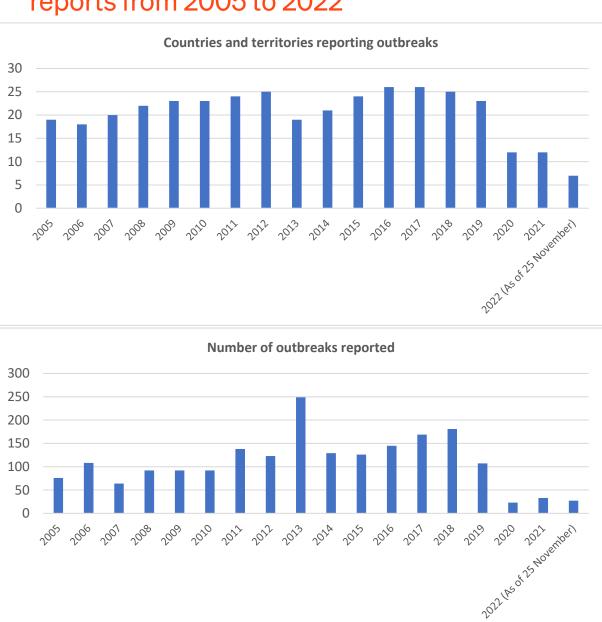


Presence of African swine fever in Africa reported to WAHIS between 1 January 2021 and 25 November 2022 through six-monthly reports



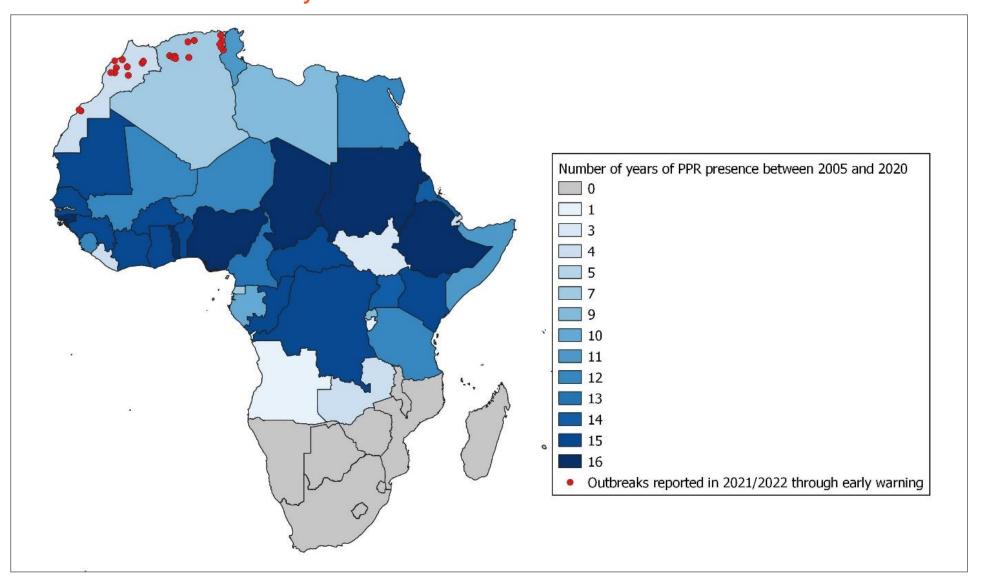
Reporting of African swine fever in Africa to WOAH through six-monthly reports from 2005 to 2022

Data incomplete for 2020, 2021, and 2022



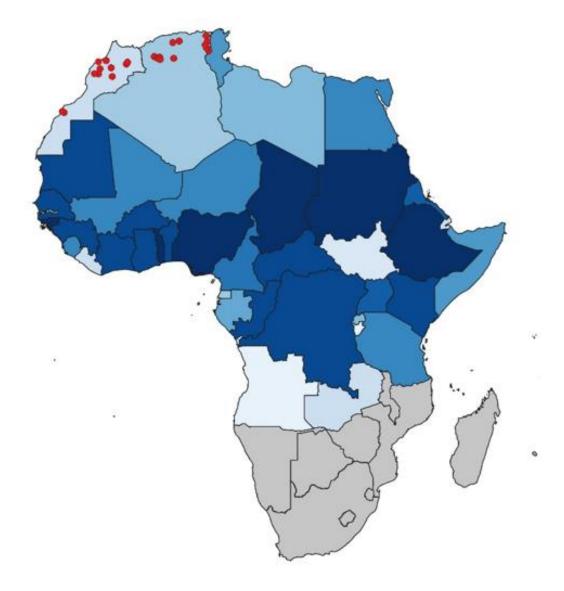


Presence of peste des petits ruminants in Africa reported to WAHIS between 1 January 2021 and 25 November 2022

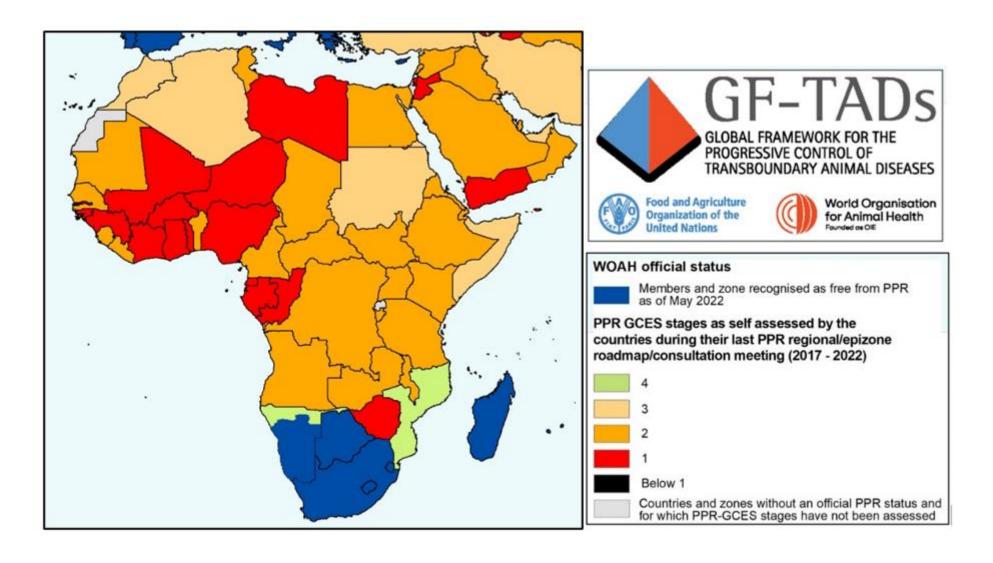


Official WOAH status for peste des petits ruminants in Africa (map updated May 2022) compared with distribution of PPR



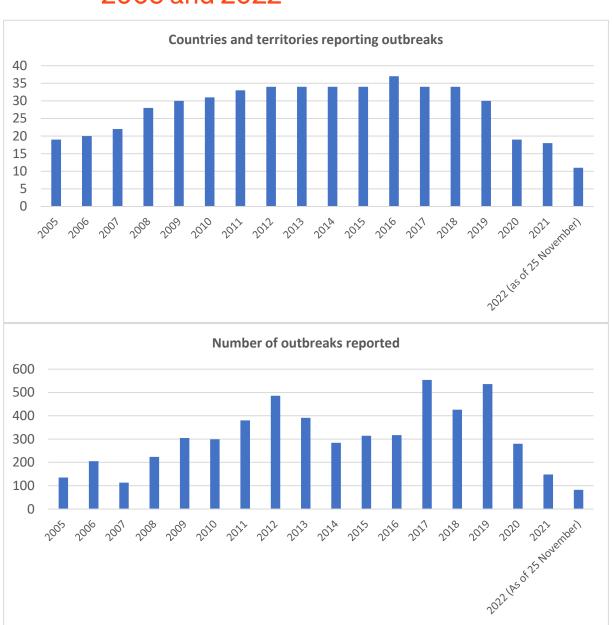


Peste des petits ruminants situation with respect to the Global Control and Eradication Strategy stages, June 2022

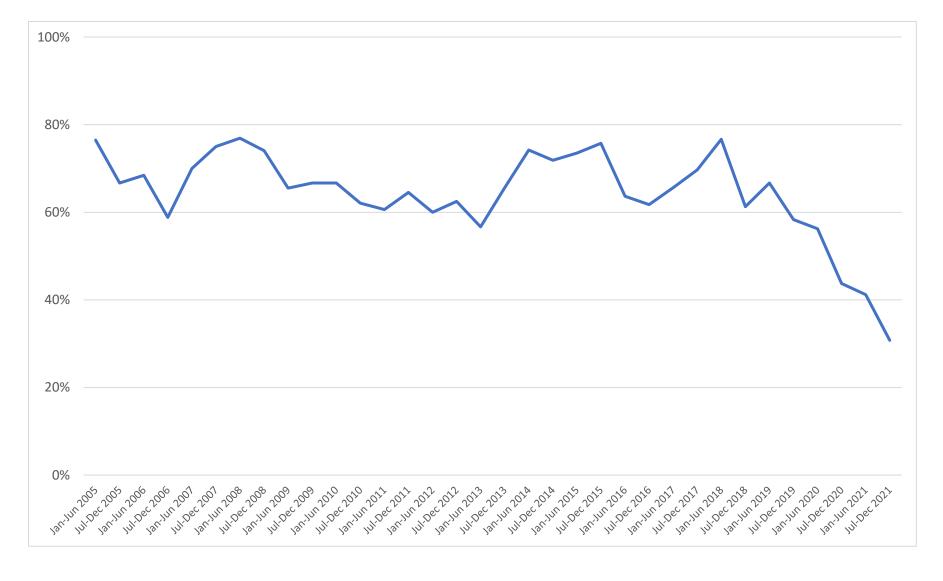


Reporting of peste des petits ruminants in Africa to WOAH between 2005 and 2022

Data incomplete for 2020, 2021, and 2022



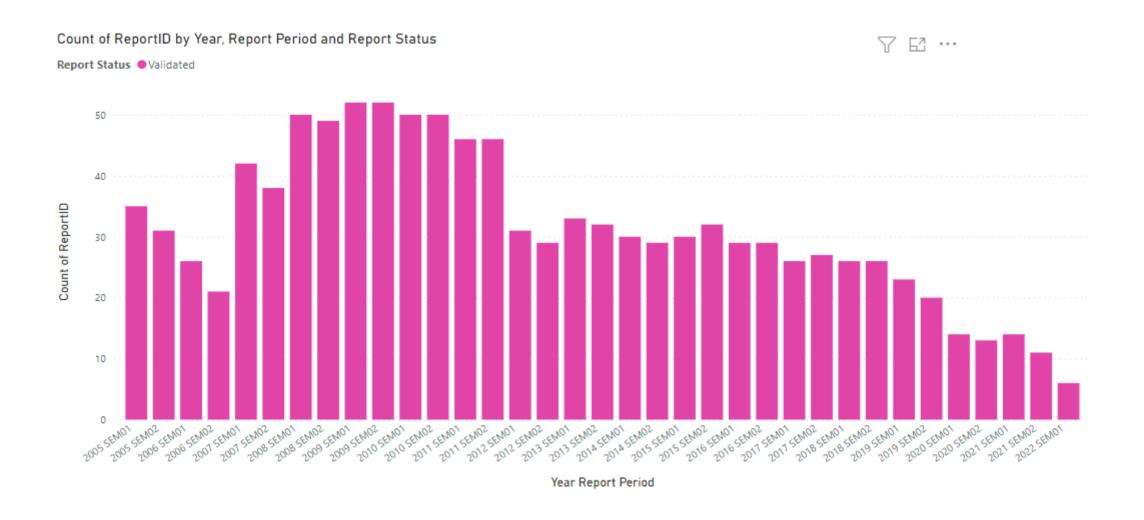
Vaccination against peste des petits ruminants in Africa



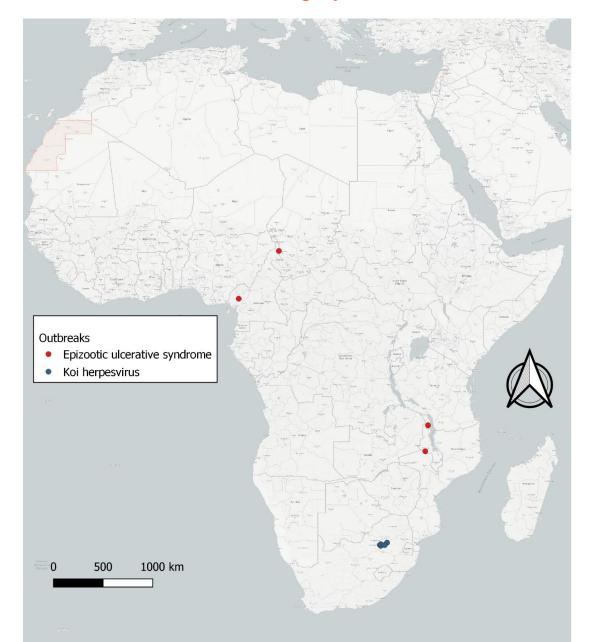
- Data incomplete for 2020, 2021, and 2022
- Percentage of reporting countries with PPR that report official vaccination

Reporting of aquatic animal diseases

Aquatic Six-Monthly Reporting in Africa as of 13 February 2023

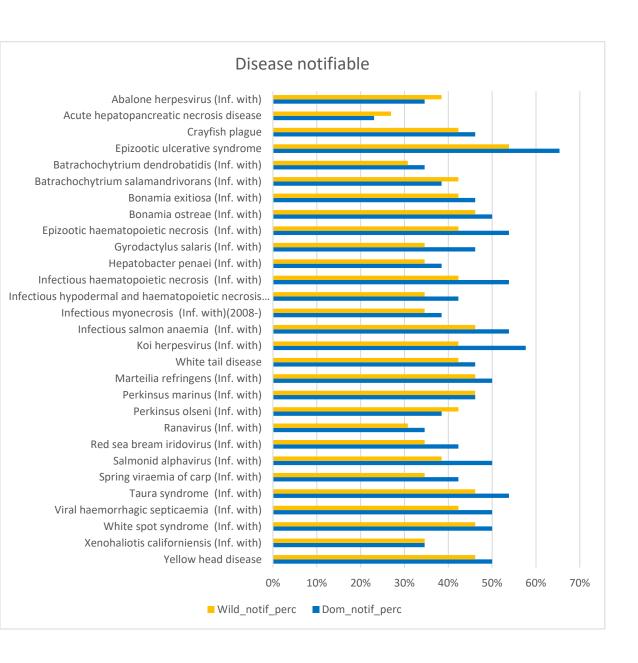


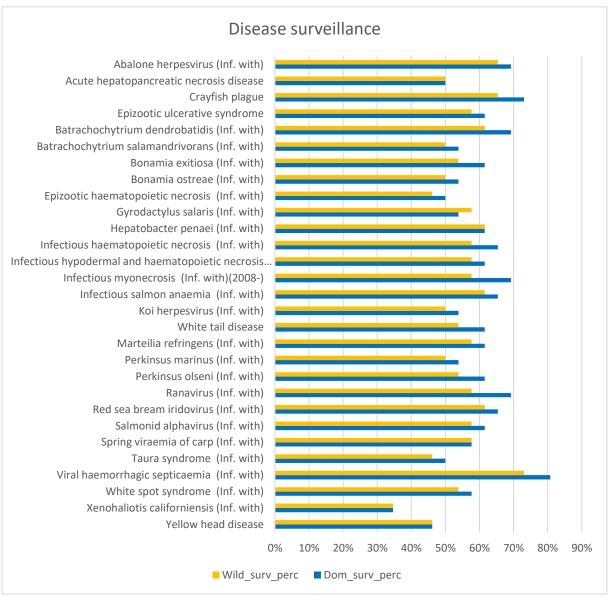
Outbreaks of aquatic animal diseases reported through the early warning system between 1 January 2021 and 25 November 2022



- Five (5) events
- Epizootic ulcerative syndrome
 - infection with Aphanomyces invadans (fungus)
 - also known as red spot disease
- Koi herpesvirus
 - also known as carp interstitial nephritis and gill necrosis virus

Situation in countries that submited aquatic six-monthly reports (2018)





Key message



WAHIS Support and Contact

How does WOAH support Members in notifying data?



Training activities

Support desk

https://wahis-support.woah.org



Support materials

- F.A.Q. Click here
- Video tutorials <u>Click here</u>

One-on-one training support

- > Deepen understanding of new functionalities
- Highlight best practices between Focal Points
- > Share difficulties with the trainers

Additional support

- > Assist in data extraction and analysis
- > Production of disease distribution maps upon request
- > Provide support at regional level with WAHIS RR/SRR champions



Thank you

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Organisation mondiale de la santé animale Fondée en tant qu'OIE Organización Mundial de Sanidad Animal Fundada como OIE

