

ANALYSIS OF THE ANIMAL HEALTH SITUATION IN MEMBERS IN THE REGION IN 2019 AND 2020



Conference of the
**OIE Regional
Commission
for Africa**



ONLINE

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WORLD ORGANISATION FOR ANIMAL HEALTH
Protecting animals, preserving our future

Submission of six-monthly reports for 2019



Target: 100% by 15 June 2020.

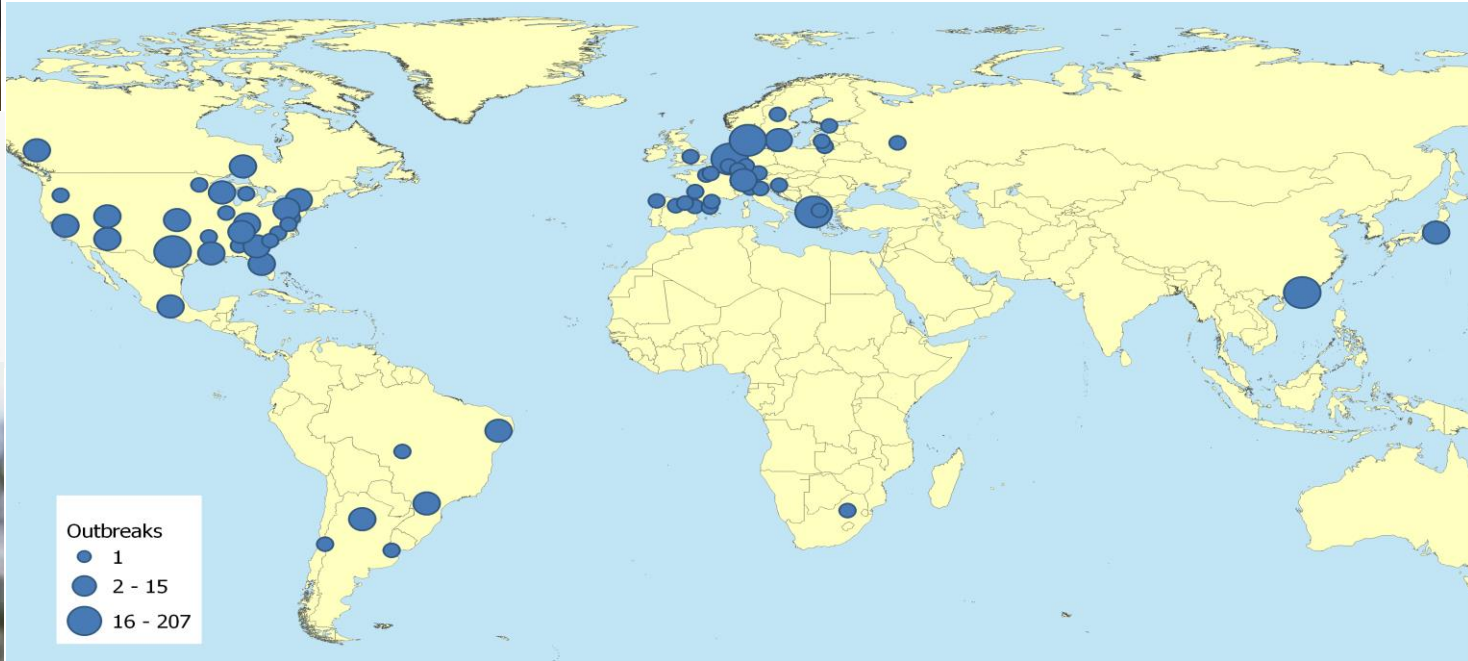
Observed submission rates in 2019 (both six-monthly reports submitted):

61% for terrestrial animal diseases

35% for aquatic animal diseases

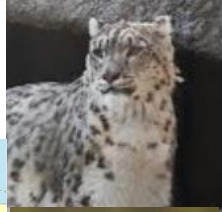
After the launch of OIE-WAHIS, OIE Members will be expected to submit the missing 2019 reports before entering data for their 2020 reports

Animal cases of infection with SARS-COV-2

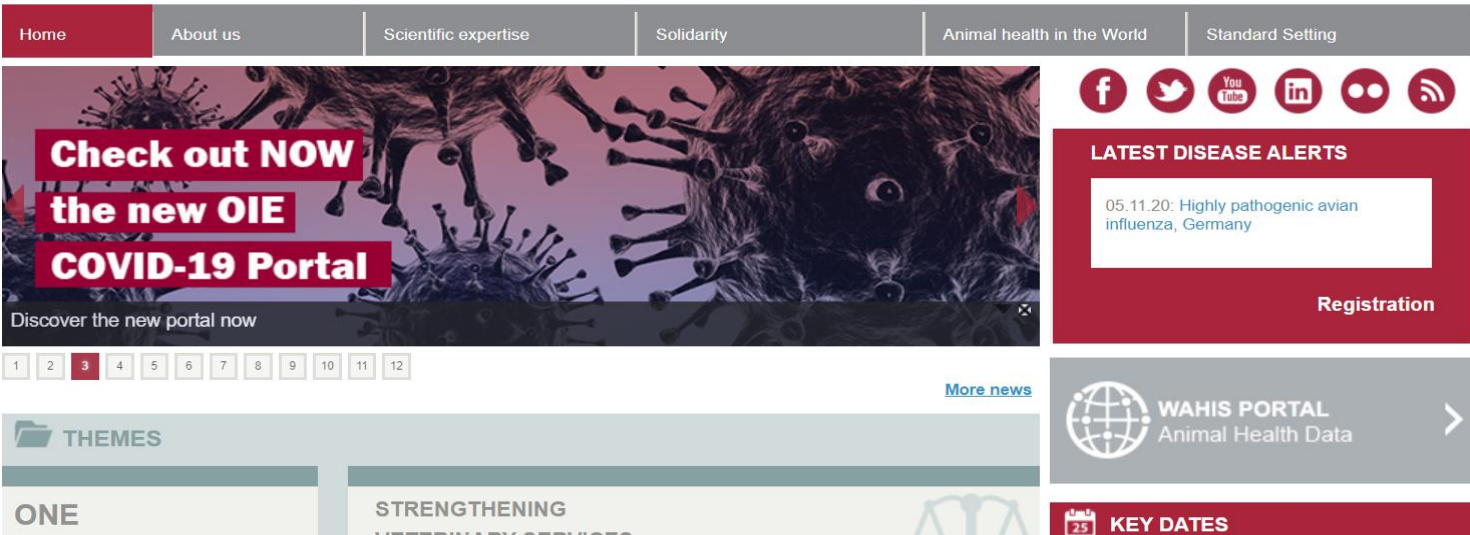


Animal cases are still occasional but continue to rise: **457 outbreaks** at global level in **24 countries**

South Africa is the only country in the Region that reported the disease (puma concolor). SARS-CoV-2 has been reported in 9 species: mink, a pet ferret, cats, dogs, lions, tigers, a snow leopard, puma, and gorillas.



Animal cases of infection with SARS-COV-2



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THEMES

ONE STRENGTHENING VETERINARY SERVICES

LATEST DISEASE ALERTS

05.11.20: Highly pathogenic avian influenza, Germany

Registration

WAHIS PORTAL
Animal Health Data

KEY DATES

All the information available, is permanently updated in the OIE Covid-19 Portal

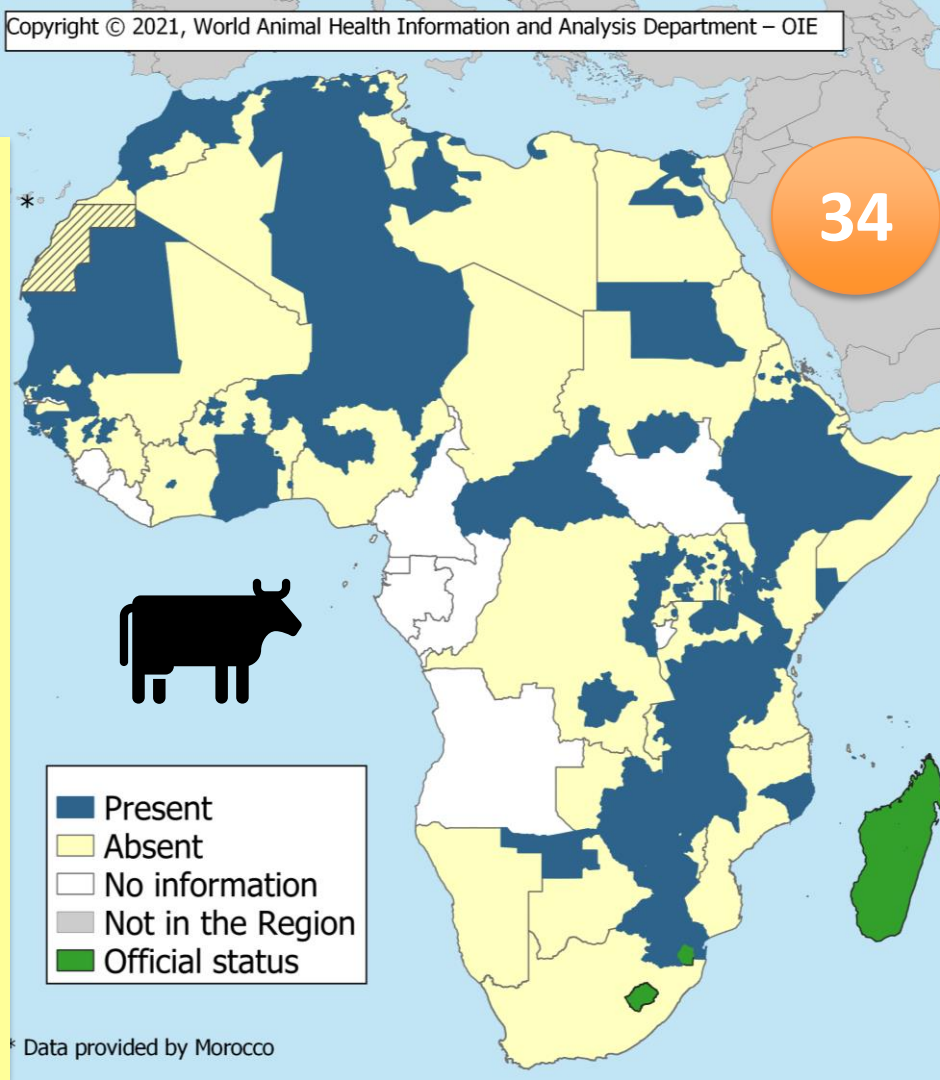
As an **emerging disease**, OIE Members are encouraged to report any occurrence of disease through WAHIS, given the threat to public health and the risk of establishing a reservoir in wildlife.

Infection with FMD virus

Deterioration: Comoros reported the first occurrence of FMD and Uganda reported the first occurrence of a new strain (serotype A).

Successes: Eswatini, Lesotho, Madagascar and Reunion are officially recognised as FMD free. Botswana and Namibia have officially recognised FMD free zones.

The OIE encourages Members of the Region to share timely and accurate information on FMD distribution through WAHIS, in order to improve national and regional control programmes and preparedness.

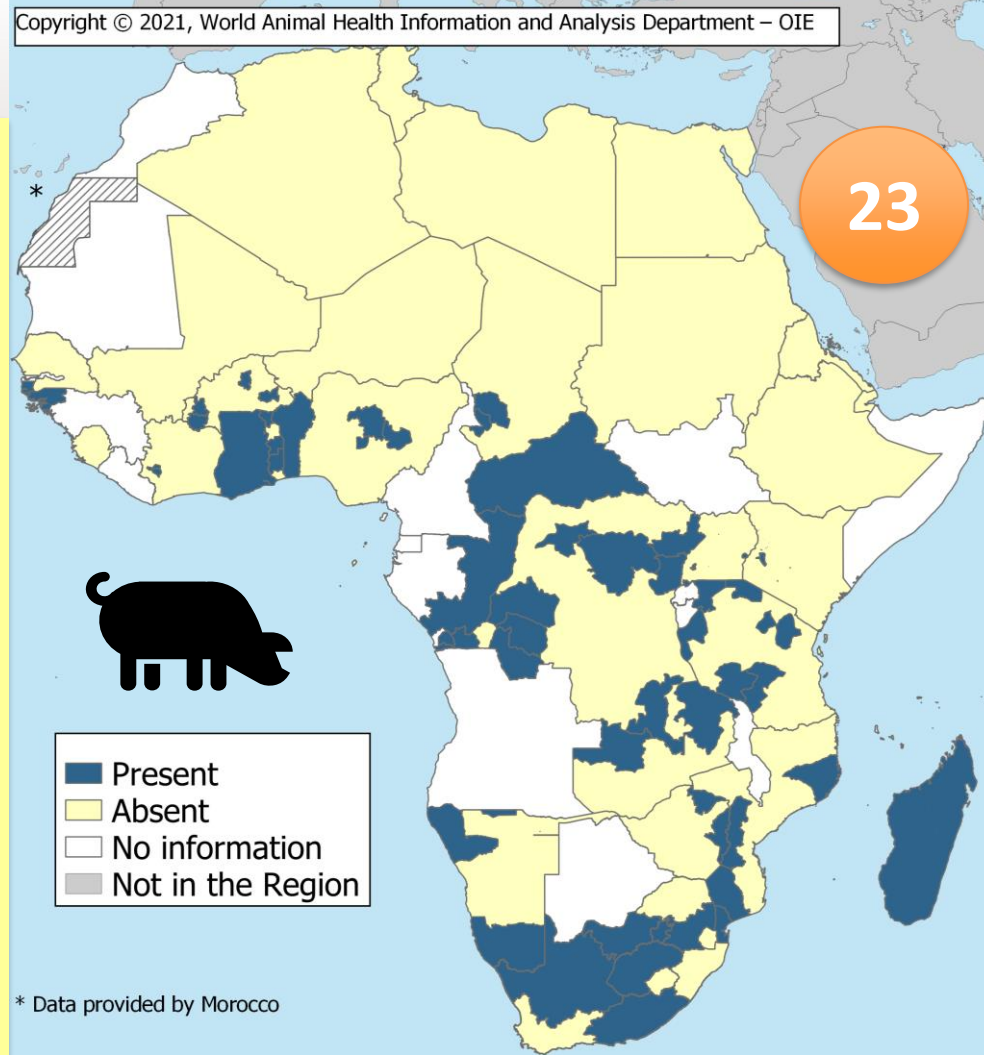


Infection with ASF virus

ASF situation in the Region is quite stable.

Sierra Leone reported the 1st occurrence of ASF in a zone. Nigeria reported an “***Unexpected change in the distribution or increase in morbidity or mortality***”

The IN submitted by Nigeria highlights the importance of notifying the OIE the occurrence of diseases that are normally considered present, if a change in the “usual” epidemiological situation is detected.



Infection with ASF virus

African Swine Fever (ASF)

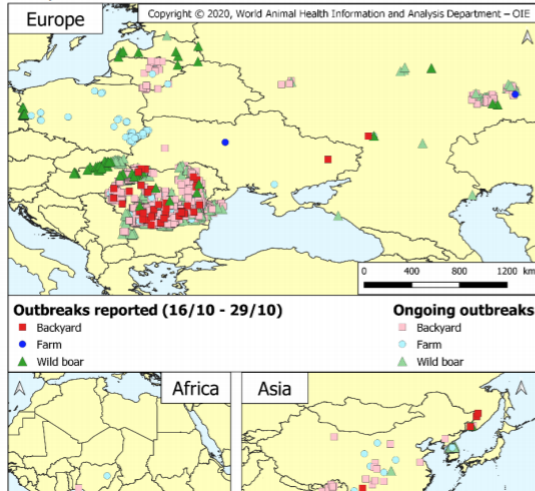
Report N° 56: October 16 to October 29, 2020

World Animal Health Information and Analysis Department

ASF SITUATION

The presence of ASF is notified to the OIE by its Members through the Six-monthly reports (as sufficiently stable) or through Immediate Notifications (IN's) and Follow-up reports (FUR's), when considered as an exceptional event. Between 2018 and 2019, this disease was notified through six-monthly reports in 4 countries in Europe (Estonia, Italy, Lithuania and Slovakia) and 23 countries in Africa¹. Namibia, Nigeria, South Africa and Zambia notified the disease through the Six-monthly reports and through IN and FUR's. This report presents an overview of the events notified through the OIE's Early Warning System (EWS) by means of IN and FUR's. This information is publicly available². A classification of the affected population (by wild boar, backyard and farm swine) was made considering their different roles in the epidemiology of the disease.

1. Spatial distribution



2. Impact of the disease

In Africa, 15 losses have been reported by [South Africa](#). In Europe, most of the losses have been reported by [Romania](#) (674) and [Ukraine](#) (87). Finally in Asia [China \(PRC\)](#) reported 35 losses, and [Russia](#) 23.

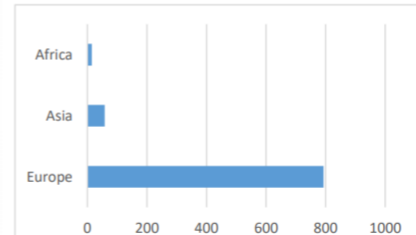
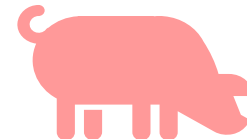


Figure 2. Losses* due to ASF outbreaks notified through WAHIS within the period (October 16 to October 29, 2020) [Losses in Nigeria not quantifiable] The impact of this disease is measured in terms of losses*, which are calculated by the sum of dead and culled animals from the infected farm or backyard premises of the reported outbreak.

3. Changes in the epidemiological situation

Countries/Territories with new or ongoing outbreaks in the current period: 22 Countries/Territories notified new or ongoing outbreaks through immediate notifications and follow-up reports, 9 in Europe ([Germany](#), [Hungary](#), [Latvia](#), [Malta](#), [Poland](#), [Romania](#), [Russia*](#), [Serbia](#), and [Ukraine](#)); 10 in Asia ([China](#),

To raise awareness of the global ASF situation, the OIE produces a periodic African Swine Fever situation report, available on the OIE website.



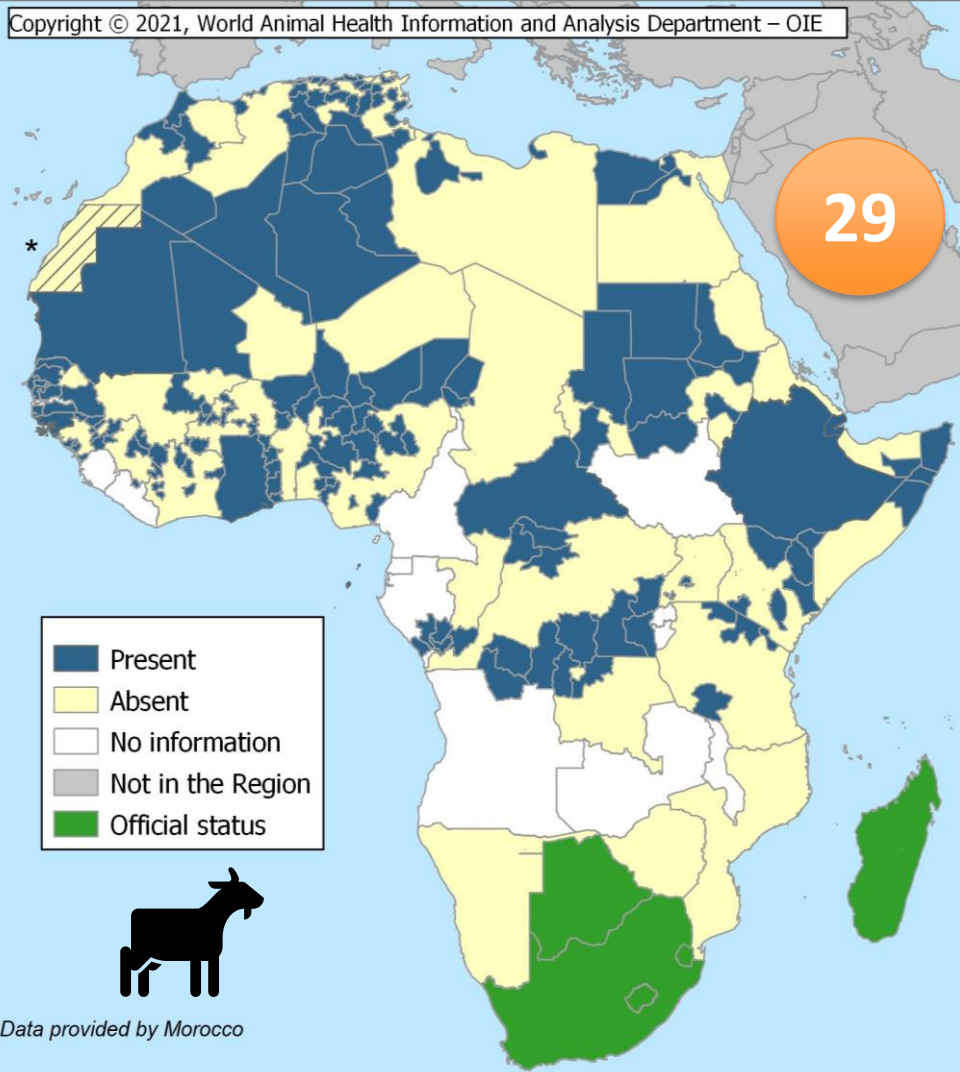
Infection with PPR virus

Stable regional situation (69% reporting Members affected in 2019/2020 vs. 63% in 2017/2019).

Recurrences in Libya (2019/2020) and Morocco (2020).

Eight countries and territories are **officially recognised as PPR free** + free zone in Namibia.

Members should continue to implement the **Global Strategy for the Eradication of PPR** to achieve eradication of the disease by 2030.



Thank you for your attention
Merci de votre attention
Muchas gracias por su atención



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