

Mundiale de la Santé Organisatio for Animal Meetile Mundial de Sanidad

OIE Expertise

OIE Regional Information Workshop for Recently Appointed Delegates

9 - 12 March, Gaborone, Botswana

Gideon Brückner

President: OIE Scientific Commission for Animal Diseases



Topics of the presentation

- · Specialist Commissions
- Working Groups
- · Ad hoc Groups
- · Reference Laboratories
- · Collaborating Centres
- · Laboratory Twinning procedure
- OFFLU
- · Expert missions to countries



OIE Specialist Commissions

- The Terrestrial Animal Health Standards Commission ("Terrestrial Code Commission")
- The Scientific Commission for Animal Diseases ("Scientific Commission", "SCAD")
- The Biological Standards Commission ("Laboratories Commission")
- Aquatic Animal Health Standards Commission ("Aquatic Animals Commission")



OIE Specialist Commissions

Members of the Commissions (from all OIE regions), are elected by the World Assembly of Delegates for a period of 3 years

Their role:

- to use scientific information to study problems of prevention and control of animal diseases,
- to develop and revise OIE's international standards,
- to address scientific issues raised by OIE Members,



Terrestrial Code Commission (1/2) http://www.oie.int/tahsc/eng/en_tahsc.htm

- Ensures that the Terrestrial Code reflects current scientific information,
- President, Vice-President, Secretary General and three (experienced in regulatory veterinary science),
- meets twice yearly to address its work programme,
- works with internationally renowned specialists to prepare draft texts for new articles for the Terrestrial Code and to revise existing articles

Terrestrial Code Commission (2/2)



- issues needing a namionised approach,
- supported by the Scientific and Laboratories Commissions to ensure that the Commission uses the latest scientific information in its work,
- reviews comments of OIE Delegates and others on circulated draft and revised texts and proposes final texts for adoption at General Sessions.





Scientific Commission (SCAD)

http://www.oie.int/scad/eng/en_scad.htm

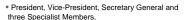


- President, Vice-President, Secretary General and three Members (acknowledged scientists),
- responsible to provide scientific rationale and justification for the formulation of OIE standards on terrestrial animal diseases, including emerging diseases.
- assist in identifying the most appropriate strategies and measures for disease prevention, surveillance, control and eradication,
- examine OIE Member applications regarding their animal health status for official OIE recognition: FMD, BSE, Rinderpest, CBPP,
- Manage and guide the activities of the Working group on Wildlife Diseases
- provides up-to-date scientific information to the Director General and the other Specialist Commissions, in consultation with scientists, experts and ad hoc Groups,
- · Conduct expert missions on disease status to countries when necessary
- · meets twice yearly.



Biological Standards Commission

http://www.oie.int/bsc/eng/en_bsc.htm





- establishes and approves methods for diagnosing diseases and for testing biological products, such as vaccines, used for control purposes and for international trade in terrestrial animals,
- edits and oversees the production of the <u>Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals (the "Terrestrial Manual")</u>,
- reviews applications for OIE Reference Laboratory and Collaborating Centre status for diseases and topics relating to terrestrial animal health, and facilitates and works with the network of Ref. Labs and Collaborating Centres to achieve OIE's mandate and twinning of laboratories,
- promotes preparation and distribution of standard reagents for diagnostic testing.



Aquatic Animals Commission

http://www.oie.int/aac/eng/en_fdc.htm



- President, Vice-President, Secretary General and three Specialist Members
- \bullet compiles information on diseases of amphibians, crustaceans, fish and molluscs,
- analyses and establishes methods for diagnosing and controlling aquatic animal diseases,
- produces the Aquatic Code and the Aquatic Manual,
- works in collaboration with the Terrestrial Code Commission on issues needing a harmonised approach,



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10 Oif

OIE Working Groups

OIE permanent Working Groups are responsible for reviewing developments in their fields, and for keeping OIE Members informed through the relevant Specialist Commissions of current issues through scientific meetings or seminars.

Three Working Groups are currently operating:

- Wildlife Diseases
- Animal Welfare
- Animal Production Food Safety





OIE Working Groups

- formed by decision of the Assembly (recommendation by the DG) including a president, a rapporteur and a maximum of six members,
- members nominated by the DG for 3 years (renewable),
- established for an indefinite period in order to cover the technical or scientific topic specified.

Role:

- collect, analyse, disseminate and assess progress in knowledge within the sphere of their competence, to resolve problems raised by OIE Members,
- inform the DG and advise Specialist Commissions
- the Group Chair makes an annual report to the General Session



OIE Working Group on Animal Welfare

- Already developed standards on:
 - land, sea and air transport,
 - slaughter for human consumption,
 - killing for disease control purpose,
 - stray dog population control,



- At this time the Group is working on:
 - laboratory animal welfare,
 - animal welfare and livestock production systems,

Animal Production Food Safety

Work programme taking account of food safety priorities and work of relevant international organisations (Codex)

- Antimicrobial resistance.
- Food borne zoonoses.
- Certification,
- Biotechnology animals and products,



- priority pathogens for standard setting by the OIE,
- · terrestrial and aquatic animal feed,
- Salmonellosis in poultry



OIE Working Group on Wildlife diseases

- inform and advise the OIE on all health problems relating to wild animals (in the wild or in captivity),
- assist the OIE to receive, record, and interpret information on wildlife disease occurrence from official sources through WAHIS
- update recommendations on the surveillance and control of the most important specific wildlife diseases,
- assist OIE to incorporate wildlife appropriately in its educational and scientific programs and publications
- new approach, specific recommendations for the work of SCAD and for the update of relevant chapters of the *Terrestrial Code* or *Manual*,



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OIE ad hoc Groups



- are convened on request of Specialist Commissions and as required by the Director General of the OIE to examine specific scientific and technical issues,
- comprising leading specialists from OIE Members,
- their reports serve as guidance to the Specialist Commissions and the World Assembly of Delegates in forming recommendations and making decisions,



- Official disease status recognition (FMD, CBPP, Rinderpest, BSE), Evaluation of veterinary services, Validation of diagnostic assays,
- Private standards
- Notification of Terrestrial Animal Disease/Pathogenic Agents
- Many others...

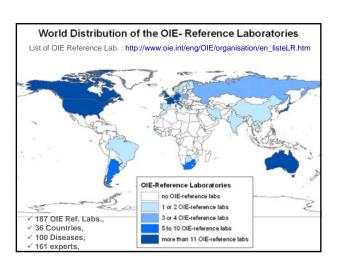


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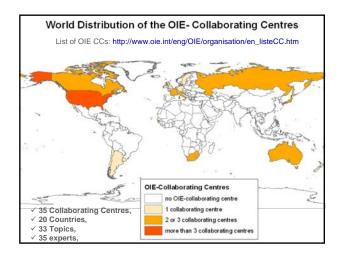






	General activities of OIE Reference Laboratories	Percentage of Laboratories carrying out these activities
1	Test(s) in use/or available for the specified disease	100%
2	Production and distribution of diagnostic reagents	86%
	Specific OIE activities	
3	International harmonisation/standardisation of methods	68%
4	Preparation and supply of international reference standards	59%
5	Research and development of new procedures	88%
5	Collection, analysis and dissemination of epidemiologicall data	68%
7	Provision of consultant expertise	66%
3	Provision of scientific and technical training	66%
9	Provision of diagnostic testing facilities	52%
10	Organisation of international scientific meetings	37%
11	Participation in international scientific collaborative studies	66%
12	Presentations and publications	83%

Topics of the presentation Specialist Commissions Working Groups Ad Hoc Groups Reference Laboratories Collaborating Centres Laboratories Twinning procedure OFFLU



	General activities of OIE Collaborating Centres	Percentage of Collaborating Centres carrying out these activities
1	Activities as a centre of research, expertise, standardisation and dissemination of techniques	92%
3	Proposal or development of any procedure that will facilitate harmonisation of international regulations applicable to the surveillance and control of animal diseases, food safety or animal welfare Placement of expert consultants at the disposal	71%
	of the OIE	75%
4	Specific OIE activities Provision of scientific and technical training within to personnel from OIE Member Countries and Territories	79%
5	Organisation of scientific meetings on behalf of the OIE	46%
6	Coordination of scientific and technical studies in collaboration with other laboratories or organisations	79%
7	Publication and dissemination of information	92%

Summary of information on OIE Reference Laboratories and Collaborating Centres in 2009 Collaborating Reference Laboratories **Centres** 222 Number 187 35 **Countries** 20 41 Diseases/ 100 33 133 196 **Experts** 161

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OIE Laboratory Twinning Programme



Each Twinning Project..

- Is a link between OIE Reference laboratory or Collaborating Centre (Parent) and national laboratory (Candidate).
- Aims to improve expertise and diagnostic capacity with eventual aim of providing support within the region and reaching OIE standards.
- Must be sustainable when twinning arrangement is terminated

28 **Oif**

Extending the network of OIE capacity, expertise and standards through Twinning

- To provide better global geographical coverage.
- · To provide regional support.
 - · need for a new approach to international spread of diseases
- Improved access for more countries to high quality diagnostics and expertise.
 - · for negotiations, certifications, justification of standard setting
- To provide better coverage in developing and transition countries.
 - + 70% of the 175 OIE Members: developing/transitional countries

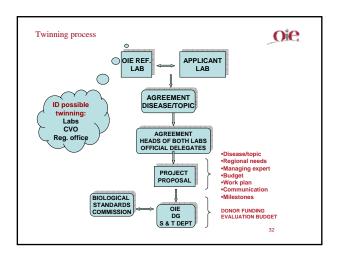


Expertise to allow Members to

- Readily apply guidelines and standards of OIE.
- To develop science-based policies.
- Debate OIE scientific justification for standards on an equal footing with other Members (better representation).







Twinning projects active and underway

Italy - Russia; avian influenza and Newcastle disease
 USA - Brazil avian influenza and Newcastle disease
 Germany - Egypt; avian influenza and Newcastle disease
 Italy - Cuba; avian influenza and Newcastle disease
 UK - South Africa; avian influenza and Newcastle disease
 UK - Botswana; avian influenza and Newcastle disease

UK - China; CSF and rabies
Italy - Eritrea; brucellosis
UK - Turkey brucellosis
Italy - Cuba; epidemiology
Italy - Botswana; CBPP

UK - Morocco; bluetongue and African horse sickness

Germany - Turkey; rabies



OFFLU Objectives

- To exchange scientific data and biological materials (including virus strains) within the network, to analyse such data, and to share the information with the wider scientific community
- 2. To offer technical advice, training, and veterinary expertise to OIE and FAO Members to assist in the prevention, diagnosis, surveillance, and control of avian influenza
- 3. To collaborate with the WHO influenza network on issues relating to the animal-human interface, including early preparation of human vaccine
- 4. To highlight avian influenza research needs, promote their development and ensure co-ordination.



Agreed strategy from the outset: "to tackle avian influenza at source" Agreed strategy from the outset: Battle against bird flumust start at its source

Oie



Expert missions to Member countries

- · To assess maintenance of disease status
- To help countries in setting up control measures for zoning
- · To assess status of laboratory services
- To help with setting up control measures for disease outbreaks (Collaboration with FAO – CMC, WHO and others)
- · To assess programs for future disease control strategies



38

OIE Website (www.oie.int)

- Animal Disease cards now online USDA
- Summary disease cards
- Other disease info PRRS, Avian influenza, Camelid diseases
- Dedicated disease sites FMD, AI
- · Country disease status
- WAHIS
- Press releases

39



Thank you for your attention

Organisation Mondiale de la Santé Animale World Organisation for Animal Health

Organización Mundial de Sanidad Animal

12 rue de Prony, 75017 Paris, France - www.oie.int - oie@oie.int