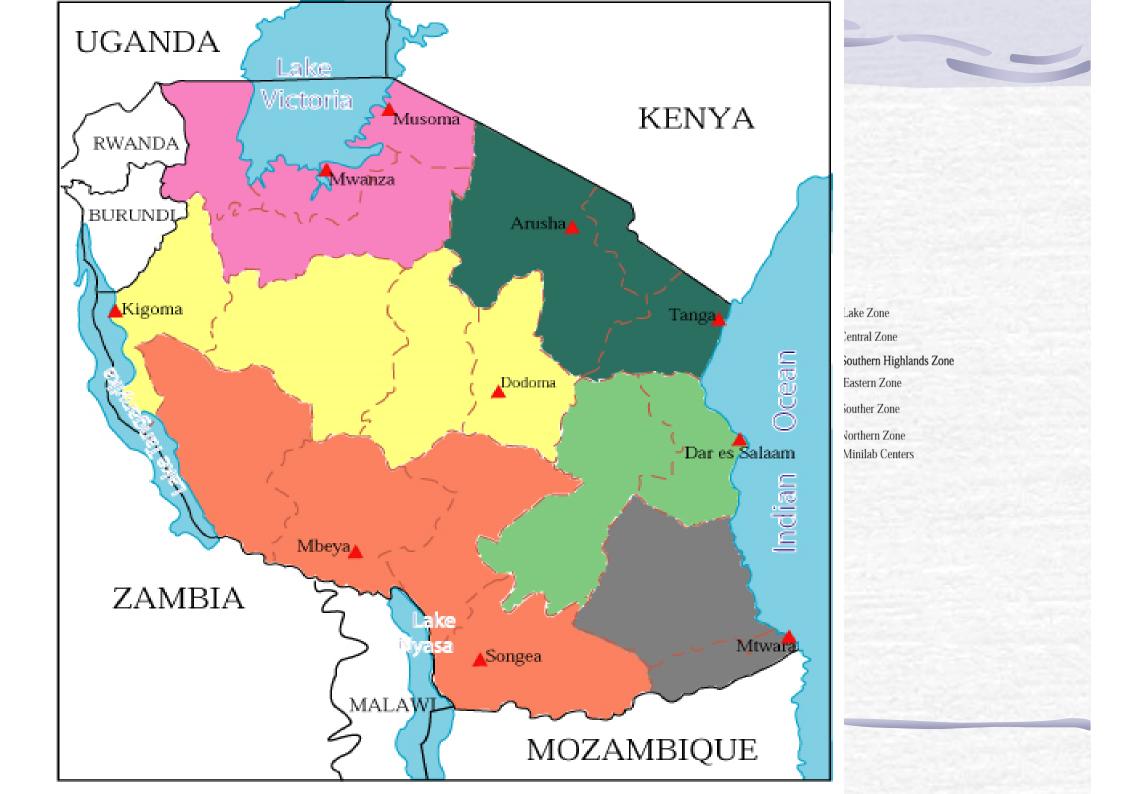
Legislation for Veterinary Products & Antimicrobial Use (AMU) in Tanzania

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Regulation of Veterinary Products in Tanzania

- Regulation of veterinary medicines in Tanzania began in 1930s under different laws
- The laws have been periodically changing to improve the regulation of medicines in line with economic & technological developments

Legislations for Veterinary Products (VPs)

- Before the current legislation of Tanzania Food, Drugs & Cosmetic Act. Cap 219 (TFDCA, 2003) regulation of VPs was administered through various laws as follows:
- The Food and Drugs Ordinance Cap. 9, 1937;
- The Pharmacy & Poison Ordinance Cap. 416
- Pharmaceuticals & Poisons Act No. 9 of 1978 which provided for establishment of Pharmacy Board

Regulation of VPs

- Section 51 (1) of the TFDC Act. Cap 219 provides for currently Tanzania Medicines & Medical Devices Authority (TMDA) to register all VPs getting into Tanzanian market
- Criteria for registration is provided in the law that include:
 - Its availability must be of public interest
 - It is safe, efficacious/potent and of acceptable quality
 - The site and manufacturing operations have to complies with current GMP requirements

Antimicrobial Use (AMU)

- Tanzania being a member of OIE has been actively complying with all calls for submission of AMU to OIE
- The first and second round data were collected from authorized importers as there was no system in place to capture import data for antimicrobial agents at TFDA
- Third and fourth round we took advantage of existence of a system at the National Medicines Regulatory Authority as a viable source of our data reported to OIE

THANK YOU VERY MUCH