RECOMSA rabies communication seminar

4-5 November 2015, Tunis (Tunisia)

RISK COMMUNICATION

DEFINE YOUR STRATEGY



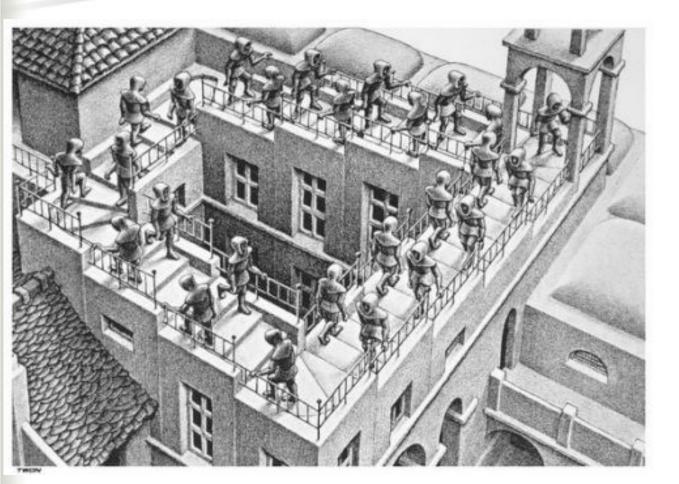
Alison Brunier WHO Communication Officer



Dr Catherine Bertrand-Ferrandis Head of the OIE Communication Unit

Perception IS Reality





To the general public facts are less important than feelings

Public perception of risk



Slovic et al

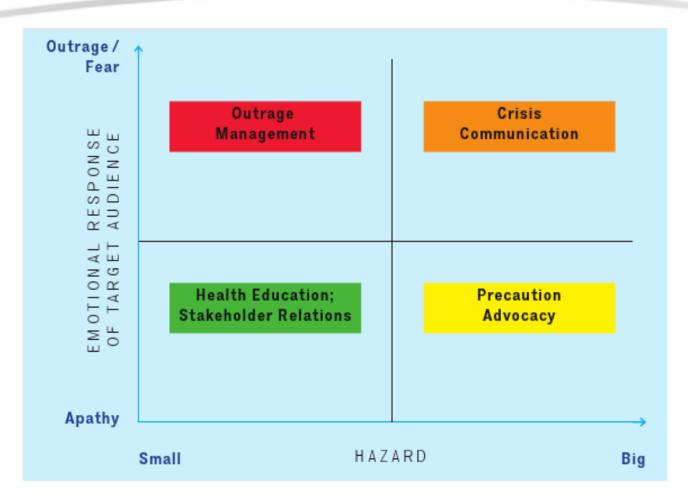
- Less concerned about health risks that are:
 - Voluntary
 - Familiar
 - Controllable
 - Controlled by self
 - Fair
 - Chronic
 - Diffuse
 - Not fatal

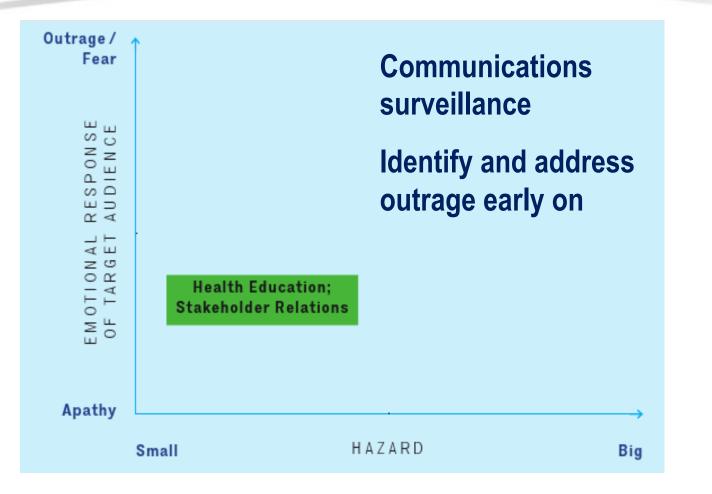
- More concerned about health risks that are:
 - Involuntary
 - Unfamiliar
 - Uncontrollable
 - Controlled by others
 - Unfair
 - Acute
 - Focused in time and space
 - Fatal



- **1. Precaution Advocacy**
- **2.** Outrage Management
- **3.** Crises Communication
- 4. Health Education and Stakeholder relations

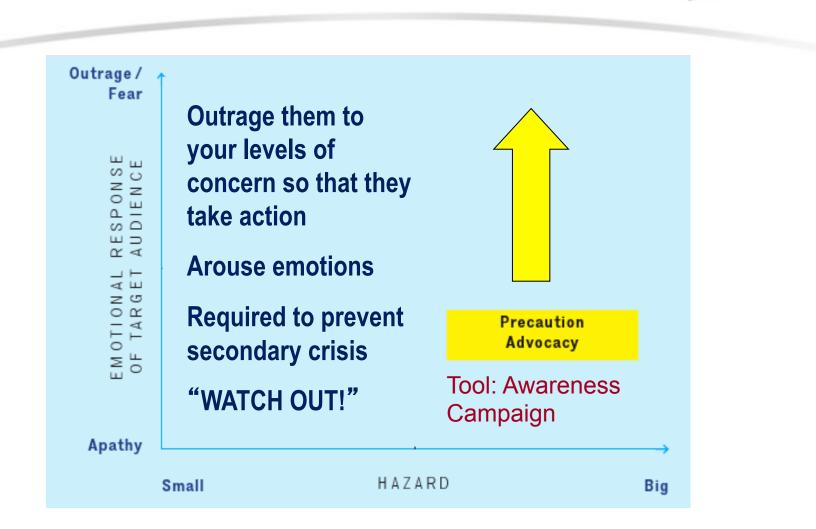
Peter Sandman's model





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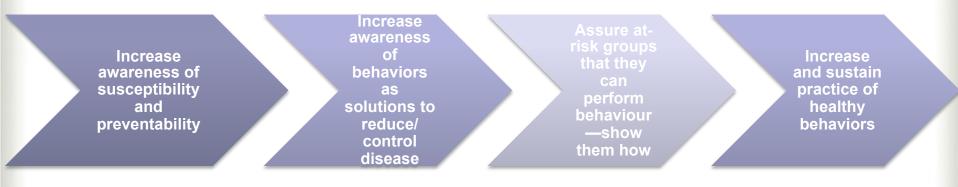






Flow-chart awareness campaign

Approach: Individual & Interpersonal Change







Ultimate Goal: Reduce morbidity, mortality, and injury

Evaluation



- Did the campaign reach its goals? If not, why not? (SOCO, messages, audiences,...)
- Was the campaign cost-effective?
- What is the learning from the campaign and how to adjust future campaigns in light of this learning?
- Do we need longer-term engagement; can we be shorter?







Thank you for your attention!



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